

Born-digital Accession and Ingest Procedure Manual

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The purpose of this manual is to provide step-by-step instructions for how the Austin History Center (AHC) will accession, ingest, and stabilize born-digital material received from City of Austin departments and general public donations. This manual is the third step in developing a workflow for handling born-digital materials in the absence of a digital repository infrastructure and a digital archivist. As the official repository for City government records and local Austin history, the AHC is committed to taking these important preliminary steps to stabilize and provide access to electronic records in the medium-term.

ACCESSION PROCEDURES

Receipt of Donations:

- Who & What:
 - The AHC will accept electronic records from City of Austin (CoA) departments once these records have met their retention period.
 - The AHC will accept electronic records from individuals and organizations if they fall within the AHC collecting policy guidelines
 - See: S:\SHARED\Administrative Records\Administration and Management\Policies and Procedures\approvedpolicies&procs\Admin_Collection_Policy\ahc_collection_development_policy_UPDATE.doc)
- City of Austin:
 - How: Currently the AHC will accession electronic records that reside on, or are transferred to, external physical media, or via SFTP as outlined below.
 - This requires City of Austin departments to transfer electronic records to physical media (ex. CD, DVD, hard drive, flash drive etc.) prior to appraisal, accession, ingest, and stabilization by the AHC.
 - CoA departments may send the AHC physical media via Interoffice mail and indicate if the media may be permanently retained or if the file must be extracted and imaged and the media returned.
 - The loan period for physical media from CoA department is three months
 - The AHC may also arrange to visit City offices with an AHC hard drive to acquire electronic records. This schedule will be negotiated between AHC staff and an external department representative to find a mutually agreed upon time, bearing in mind record retention deadlines.
 - Electronic file transfers from APL will be transferred via our shared drive:
 - The APL Records Analyst will transfer files that have been subject to Archival Review to be transferred via our shared drive to the _____ folder.
 - Electronic file transfers from other COA department will be transferred via _____
- Individuals & Organizations from the general public:
- How: Currently the AHC will accession electronic records that reside on, or are transferred to, external physical media, or via Secure File Transfer Protocol defined as:

- SFTP with Google Drive (ahc@austinlibrary.net). Commands and data are encrypted in order to prevent passwords and other sensitive information from being exposed to the network in plain text.
- For transfers to or from patrons, a folder with the patron's name will be created in the Google drive directory. Files can be uploaded to or downloaded from the patron's file per a secure link shared via email by the Digital Archivist or Media Archivist.
- Said folder(s) will be deleted after SFTP is completed and file donations are ingested and/or file requests are downloaded.
- Patron requests of photographic images, maps, or architectural drawings/plans are subject to reproduction and license fees.
- Other patron requests for text/manuscript digital files will be subject to our Reference Services policies that entitle the patron to up to 5 FREE digital files (totaling 15 minutes of staff research time). Requests for additional digital files associated with more detailed research questions are subject to a fee. The Austin History Center offers limited research assistance through the mail and email, including photocopies or digital surrogates of newspaper articles, manuscript materials, and obituaries. The AHC charges a \$15.00 non-refundable fee that entitles you to one obituary or up to 30 minutes of staff research time and up to 5 pages of photocopies/digital files (\$16.24 for Texas residents due to sales tax).
- Electronic records donated to the AHC on external physical media are considered property of the AHC and the City and will not be returned, unless requested by the donor.

Submission Information Package Agreement:

A Submission Information Package Agreement (SIP) is an arrangement between the record's creator and the accepting repository. Ideally the SIP functions as the foundation of an OAIS (Open Archival Information System) compliant digital repository, and includes both the digital object and the necessary associated metadata. The SIP form should specify the following information: file formats, subject matter, ingest schedule, access restrictions, verification protocols, etc. It is an agreement determining the "who, when, how, and why" of a submission and it is a necessary step in planning for the long-term preservation and access of born-digital material.

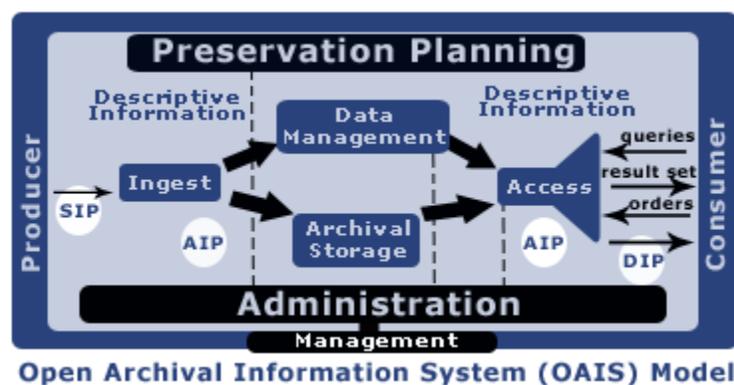


Figure 1: The OAIS Model is the endorsed best practice for digital repositories¹

¹ <http://oclc.org/research/publications/library/2000/lavoie-oais.html>

In order to accession electronic records from City departments and individuals/organizations from the general public, an authorized City department official or donor, respectively, must fill out the Deed of Gift to the best of their knowledge and ability. For COA records transfers and larger donations from the general public a SIP form (See Appendix A for a copy of SIP agreements) will also need to be completed.

- An additional portion of the SIP is reserved for AHC staff. This section is to be filled out by the registrar and/or the Digital Archivist.

BORN-DIGITAL AND DIGITIZED DONATION REGISTRATION PROCEDURES

Deed of Gift with Submission Information Package (SIP) Condensed form will be given to most donors. In some cases the full SIP will be used (City of Austin transfer or significant born-digital donation).

1. All donations, regardless of format, are first submitted to the Registrar. Donations on physical media storage are placed on the donation cart. If donation is transferred via the cloud then just the Deed of Gift is placed on shelf above field collection boxes marked **Cloud Digital Donation DOG** to ensure timely registration in case of expiring links.
2. Determination about donation collecting unit location (AF, archival collection, general collection, etc.) is decided by Registrar in conjunction with the Collection Unit/Archivist responsible for donation (not the Digital Archivist (DG))
3. Registrar enters information into the Registration Database
 - a. Extent and description will sometimes have to be filled out by the DA if not recorded on the SIP
4. If donation is an archives collection Registrar creates entry in the ArchivesIndex
 - a. Registrar sets Access to “Advance Notice Required” and adds note to ProcessNote Field that DA is processing
 - b. FormatGeneral – choose digital records AND relevant format
 - c. FormatElectronic – choose original storage medium/transfer type
 - d. Location - digital storage
 - e. Extent will sometimes have to be filled out by the DA if not recorded on the SIP
5. Transfer to Digital Archivist
 - a. If donation is all born-digital/digitized materials
 - i. Registrar places registered Deed of Gift (DOG) on Digital Archivist shelf for pick-up, if Registration database needs to be updated with extent Registrar will add post-it note to DOG
 - ii. Digital Archivist picks up DOG, updates the Registration database with extent, description of materials as necessary
 - iii. Digital Archivist ingests donation (see Digital Records Processing Manual)
 - iv. Digital Archivist emails appropriate archivist as to location and status of donation with standard subject line “**Donation Ingest Complete**” and cc: the Registrar; **collecting unit archivist is now responsible for processing the materials including updating the ArchivesIndex (if relevant) with index terms and extent**
 - v. If donation is addition to existing collection with EAD Finding Aid, DA will update Archives Index Status Field to FA-Additions, add note to ProcessNote field with date and short description of content.

- vi. DA returns DOG to Registrar with digital storage location and any notes about anomalies to be filed
 - vii. Original storage media is shelved
- b. If donation is part of a hybrid archival collection with physical storage media
- i. Registrar leaves digital storage media in box with the rest of the collection, places a post-it note on the actual box to designate location of storage media.
 - ii. Places DOG of DA shelf
 - iii. When ready to ingest digital items the DA removes the storage media replace with temporary Separation Sheet indicating the type of materials removed
 - iv. DA ingests donation
 - v. Digital Archivist emails appropriate archivist as to location and status of donation with standard subject line **“Donation Ingest Complete”** and cc: the Registrar; **collecting unit archivist is now responsible for processing the materials including updating the ArchivesIndex with index terms and extent**
 - vi. If addition to existing collection with EAD Finding Aid, DA will update Archives Index Status Field to FA-Additions, add note to ProcessNote field with date and short description of content.
 - vii. DA returns DOG to Registrar with digital storage location and any notes about anomalies to be filed
 - viii. Original storage media is shelved
 - ix. Separation sheet is removed when collection is processed and finding aid is created
- c. If donation is part of a hybrid archival collection delivered through cloud
- i. Registrar places DOG of DA shelf
 - ii. DA ingests donation
 - iii. Digital Archivist emails appropriate archivist as to location and status of donation with standard subject line **“Donation Ingest Complete”** and cc: the Registrar; **collecting unit archivist is now responsible for processing the materials including updating the ArchivesIndex with index terms**
 - iv. If addition to existing collection with EAD Finding Aid, DA will update Archives Index Status Field to FA-Additions, add note to ProcessNote field with date and short description of content.
 - v. DA returns DOG to Registrar with digital storage location and any notes about anomalies to be filed
6. Once the registrar has notified the Digital Archivist of born-digital accessions received (particularly with mixed collections), a separation form will be filled out by the digital archivist and placed in the box (if one already exists) before the media with born-digital content is removed and transferred to the Digital Archivist.
7. The registrar will also place born-digital accessions received via media such as flash drives and optical discs on the Digital Archivist’s shelf in the Archival Collections Office.
8. All media should be photographed with a digital camera to catalog and preserve any transcriptions on the media as well as provide a visual representation of the media to be bagged with the disk image. Photographs should include any transcriptions and any model/serial

number/manufacture information on the media. (The photos will be placed in a folder and renamed according to the file naming conventions in [Appendix F.](#))

9. CDs and DVDs should be routed to the Digital Archivist for registration. The digital archivist will fill out a separation form, remove the media from the box (if it is a mixed media collection) and place the form in the box. The Registration and Archives Index databases have fields for extent in GB for electronic records which also requires entry. Insert CD or DVD into Dell USB optical disk drive, connected to Tableau T8-R2 write blocker, and obtain extent and format information using the LCD screen on the Tableau T8-R2.
10. Hard drives and other USB media should be routed to the Digital Archivist for registration.
 - a. To acquire the extent and format of hard drives and USB media, utilize the Tableau T8-R2 forensic USB Bridge write blocker. Record this extent in the Registration database.
 - b. This will ensure the media's content and metadata are not inadvertently compromised or altered
11. 3.5" floppy disks may should be routed to the Digital Archivist for registration
 - c. Insert floppy disk into Dell USB 3.5" floppy disk drive, connected to Tableau T8-R2 write blocker, and obtain extent and format information using the same method outlined above. Record this extent in the Registration database.

For all born-digital donations during the registration process: If the extent and format (mime types) are vastly disproportionate from what has been indicated in the SIP, the Processing Archivist should contact the appropriate party before proceeding with registration

Digital Processing Log:

S:\SHARED\Operational Records\Reference and Access\Archives and Manuscripts\digital_processing_log

The purpose of the digital processing log spreadsheet is to describe and track the media throughout the accession, registration, and ingest process, to establish physical and intellectual control over the media. Also, the log serves as a record for verifying the reliability, authenticity, and integrity of born-digital material in the long-term. The media log captures registration information, ingest checksums, and tracks statistics such as loss for various types of media, viruses, and the extent of the AHC's born-digital holdings. Metadata related to the content of the files is entered along with notes regarding the content or about processing issues.

- Physical control entails counting, labeling, and numbering physical media (floppy disks, CDs, DVDs etc.) or gaining control via virtual transfer, although the AHC is not currently capable of electronic transfers.

The following columns should be included in the digital processing log:

- Donor number (this will indicate where the physical media is stored on the shelving in the Digital Archivist's office)
- CM number (the computer media number is a unique identifier that traces captured data to its original disk or drive. The CM number of a particular disk will carry over to the

image made from it. The CM number will be named according to the file naming conventions outlined in [Appendix F.](#))

- Media Type (CD, DVD, Flash media, hard drive, etc. using the list in Appendix C)
- Photographed?
- Folder title (if removed from a corresponding text collection folder)
- Disk Readable with PC, Mac, Unknown.
- Original Folder Name (if this was pulled from a mixed collection file folder)
- Original File Name (if access copies of files will be renamed then the original file name needs to be recorded here)
- Access File Name
- Date of Ingest (the date disk images are created)
- Size (in GB)
- Transcript information (any writing on the media such as drives or optical media)
- Actions taken (include software or hardware used and results obtained)
- Operator
- Disk Image Created
- Bad Sectors
- Checksums_MD5
- Checksums_SHA-1
- Checksums_SHA-256
- Notes (list any content notes or issues with processing here)
- Bag created, validated, and moved to N: drive/Isilon server
- Files Normalized (we will only normalize access copies)
- Access Files Renamed
- Metadata
- Creation Date (if known include the original creation date)
- Added to Archives Index (update all fields in the Archives Index with the exception of TARO name and Posted to TARO fields)
- Finding Aid Additions Needed/Completed (add any notes to track your FA additions)

Criteria for Moving to Immediate Ingest

The AHC will only register, accession, and ingest born-digital material, physical media, and file types for material with which it has the technological capability to stabilize, render, and provide access to.

- If a born-digital donation contains media or file types that fall outside the criteria listed above, the registrar will either:
 - Return material to the donor, as agreed upon in the SIP
 - Dispose of or transfer the materials to the appropriate location or institution, as agreed upon in the SIP
 - Retain the media, (ex. due to record retention laws) and describe the nature of the accession hold on the SIP and in the Archives Index and Registration databases.

- All media that is retained, even if it cannot be presently ingested, should still be entered into the media log spreadsheet and kept in the Digital Archivist's office
- Digital materials that form part of a hybrid donation will be ingested in tandem with the processing of the donation's physical components on a schedule to be coordinated between the Processing Archivist and the Digital Archivist. (For additional information regarding hybrid collections see [Appendix C](#))
- Standalone born-digital donations which meet the above criteria will be ingested by the Digital Archivist using the BitCurator software, as time permits.

Basic Workflow

AHC's basic workflow in regards to registration and post born-digital material processing is as follows:

1. Registrar
 - a. Will notify the Digital Archivist to remove digital media from mixed collections and fill out a separation form to be placed in the box. For accessions that are born-digital-only the Registrar will give the Digital Archivist the collection number and donor number(s) on a copy of the Deed of Gift and SIP Form.
2. Digital Archivist
 - a. Will number media and take photos
 - i. If media is from a mixed collection, media will be returned to the collection box and labelled accordingly with "Restricted" "Master copy" written on the sleeve/folder.
 - ii. If entire collection consists of born-digital media, all transfer media will be stored in the Digital Archivist's office.
 - b. Will create forensic disk images and reports using the BitCurator workflow
 - c. Will create archival bag of disk image and BitCurator reports using Bagger
 - d. Will create access copies of files using BitCurator Disk Image Access. Note: there may be cases, especially with video, where we have to create access copies via another means. This will be judged on a case-by-case basis per the Digital Archivist).
 - e. Will create Access Copies folder, Master Copies folder, Bags folder on N: and Q: drives
 - f. Will place files into appropriate folder on the N: and Q: drives
 - g. Will create backup of bags on DA external drive
 - h. Will keep and store all original media
3. Digital Archivist (or other staff archivist responsible for the collection)
 - a. Will process digital files (with assistance from digital archivist as needed)
 - b. Will create finding aid, or update an existing finding aid per the instructions in the processing manual.
 - c. Will load access copies for the Reading Room Digital Access workstation or create a disk and place in box with collection or in digital collections box in reading room for digital-only collections.
 - d. Will update the Archives Index and Registration Index databases with extent and description information.

INGEST PROCEDURE

AHC's intent in utilizing BitCurator is to capture born-digital material in its most complete state (a disk image) and extract as much metadata as possible to facilitate the appraisal, selection, processing, and preservation of this material in the future. Bagger is an additional tool used to validate and maintain the integrity and authenticity of the born-digital material, ensuring it remains unaltered until future processing will occur.

BitCurator Software Overview

"The BitCurator Environment is built on a stack of free and open source digital forensics tools and associated software libraries, modified and packaged for increased accessibility and functionality for collecting institutions."² This software was selected by the AHC for ingest and pre-processing of born-digital material because it meets all accession requirements to prepare born-digital materials for long-term preservation and access, and generate information to support additional selection, arrangement and description activities.

- BitCurator Features Include:
 - Forensic disk imaging
 - Creates a disk image without altering the original disk, gathers metadata about the disk, documents how the disk image was created – includes a software write blocker
 - File system analysis and reporting
 - Looks at the structure of information on the disk including the disk format, amount of space used, file directory, individual file formats (mime types), and exports report as DFXML.
 - Identification of private and individually identifying information
 - Looks for private information such as social security numbers, email address, phone numbers – this depends on the information being in the exact expected format (ex. 989-411-3212)
 - Export of technical and other metadata
 - Creates easy to read reports from DFXML to PDF, including graphs on file types

BitCurator Tools

In order to fulfill the above features, BitCurator offers the following tools. Below you will find a description of each tool.

Feature: Forensic Disk Imaging

Tool: Safe Mount

- Blocks disk images and devices attached to BitCurator (including USB drives and hard drives) from being writable
- Devices and images are mounted read-only, so the files and file structures they contain can be accessed without inadvertently making changes to the files or the metadata
- This tool performs essentially the same function as a hardware write-blocker

² <http://www.bitcurator.net/bitcurator/>

- Maintains integrity and authenticity of archival materials during and after ingest

Tool: Guymager

- Captures bit-identical images from magnetic (floppy disks), optical (CDs), solid-state (SSDs and flash drives), and hybrid media. Disk images can be captured in three different formats, including raw (just the bit stream), E01 (Expert Witness Format, the standard format used by the AHC), and AFF (Advanced Forensic Format)
- Maintains the integrity of the material by capturing the entire bit stream
- Captures the entire file structure and all content (including data about deleted files) as it was on the original media in a compressed or uncompressed format

Feature: File system analysis and reporting

Tool: Fiwalk

- A function of the BitCurator Reporting Tool, Fiwalk produces a DFXML (Digital Forensics XML) report on the contents of a disk image
- Fiwalk analyzes the disk image and produces an XML file detailing file system hierarchy within the disk image, including files and folders, deleted materials, and information in unallocated space. It also extracts metadata about each file, including date of last access and modification, file type, the user who created the file, file size and the physical location of the file on the disk (byte run)
- This XML file will be used by the BitCurator Annotated Reporting tool to generate a human readable report
- Extracts creation, access and modification metadata from files without changing that metadata.

Tool: BitCurator Reporting Tool

- BitCurator Reporting Tool brings together the various outputs from Bulk Extractor, fiwalk and the annotation tool to generate both machine and human readable reports
- The Annotated Features tab matches the "features" found by bulk_extractor with their corresponding file on the disk image. This step is necessary because bulk_extractor locates features by scanning the bit stream, not the file system. The annotated features report acts as a bridge between the output from bulk_extractor and the DFXML report from fiwalk to create a report that not only locates a feature, but also identifies the specific file in which it can be found
- In addition to being able to run fiwalk, the annotation reports, and the BitCurator forensic reports individually, the BitCurator Reporting Tool allows the Digital Archivist to execute the entire process at once with the "Run All" tab
- Allows repository to create and maintain information about collection: metadata, directory structures, file type and contents, access restrictions. Also allows new reports to be generated as new information is required

Feature: Identification of private and individually identifying information

Tool: Bulk Extractor

- Scans files using a variety of scanners (pdf, image files, email, zip files, etc.) to search for potentially sensitive data, including geolocation metadata, email addresses, Facebook accounts, phone numbers, credit card numbers, and Social Security numbers. Deleted files are also scanned
- Can be used to search for specific character strings (i.e.. specific names or terms) across multiple files and file types

Feature: Metadata Export

- Exports technical metadata from DFXML files (created by fiwalk and other forensics tools) to common preservation and archival metadata formats, which can be incorporated into other stable standards, like METS and EAD.

- BitCurator generates PREMIS (preservation) metadata for each data forensics tool that is used on a disk image, providing an accurate record of provenance for each stage of processing. This will be useful to the AHC digital archivist in the future
- Allows data collected/created by the other forensics tools to be exported and used by other archival software (ex. Archivemata) and to be incorporated into collection documentation (inventories and finding aids)
- Creates documentation of all forensics tools used by the archivist, maintaining a record of provenance for the collection and ensuring its integrity

Bagger

Bagger is a tool, created by the Library of Congress. It produces a package of data files according to the BagIt specification. BagIt is “a hierarchical file packaging format for the exchange of generalized digital content. A "bag" has just enough structure to safely enclose descriptive "tags" and a "payload" but does not require any knowledge of the payload's internal semantics.”³ To “bag” born-digital material allows the archivist to verify that the digital content retained its integrity and fixity during the course of a transfer.

The BagIt structure is as follows:

- A directory called <bagname>
 - The <bagname> directory contains a subdirectory called **data** (it *must* be called “data”). This subdirectory is where the content files are placed
 - The <bagname> directory contains at least two files:
 - A manifest that lists the checksum and path for each content file stored in the /data subdirectory
 - A file called bagit.txt that indicates the Bagit version and character encoding used for creating the bag
 - The <bagname> directory may also contain an optional bag-info.txt file that contains information about the bag contents
- A bag is complete if every file listed in the manifests is present, and if every file is accounted for in a manifest. A bag is valid if it is complete and if each checksum matches the checksums at the time the bag was created. *Once bags have been moved out of the BitCurator environment, they should be verified on a regular basis to ensure their integrity and monitor bitrot.*
 - Bagger is present in the BitCurator 1.0 (and higher) environment. Instructions for using Bagger may be found in the BitCurator Workflow.

BITCURATOR Workflow

Photographing and Numbering Media:

The media should be physically numbered using the naming conventions in Appendix F (this number will be the CM number of the media) by one of the following methods:

³ <http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-kunze-bagit-05>

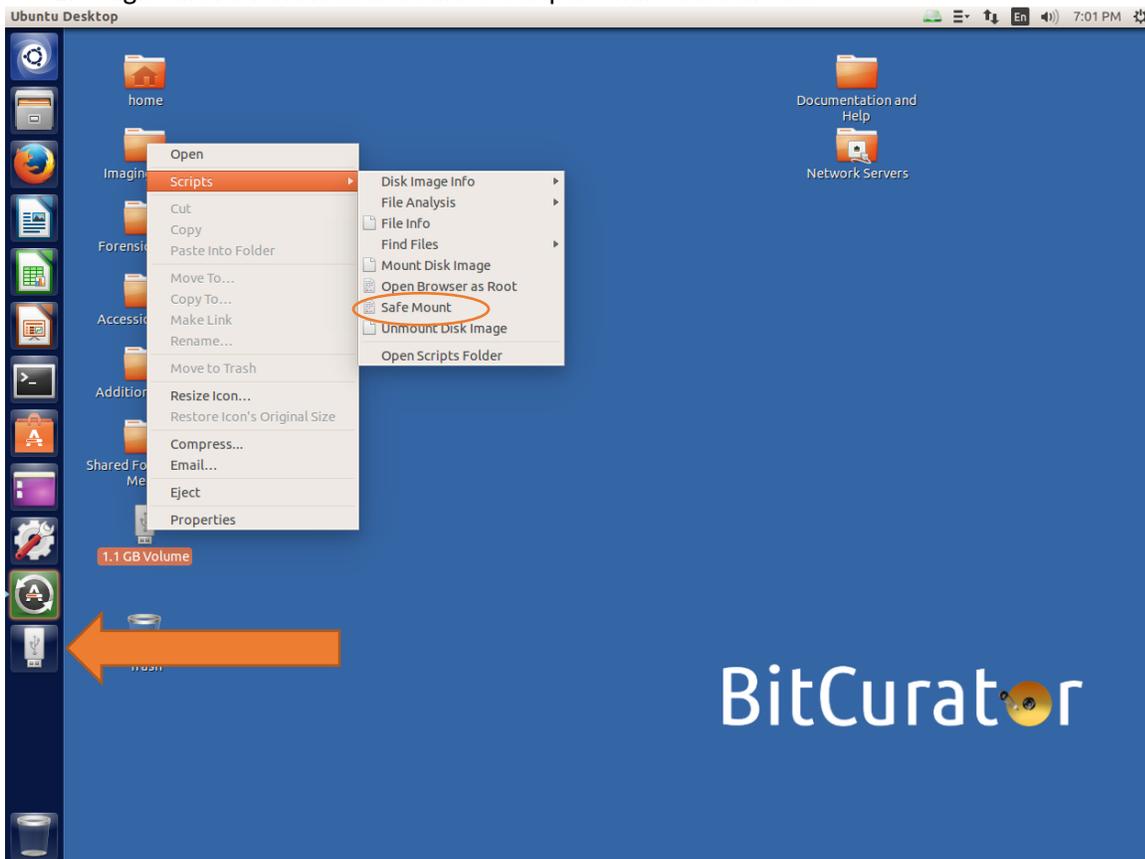
- For small USB Flash drives: Use a paper CD/DVD envelope and write the CM number on the envelope
- For CD/DVDs: Write the CM number on the disk and keep the disk in the original case, if the disk has no original case after writing the CM number on the disk place the disk in a paper CD/DVD envelope

The media should also be photographed to save any relevant metadata, manufacturer, and other information that is on the media. These files will be placed in the disk folders in folder named using the naming conventions in Appendix F. The files will also be named according to the file naming conventions in Appendix F.

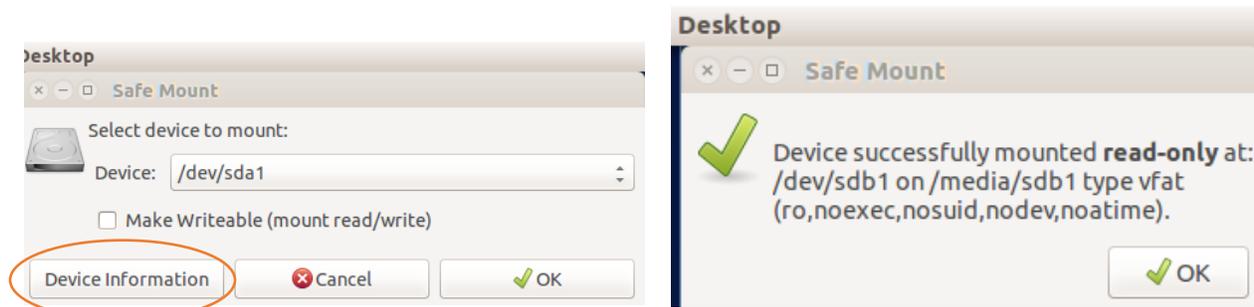
To “Safe Mount” Your Device:

There are a couple ways you can Safe Mount your device/media. You can use the Tableau forensic bridge. This write blocker allows the host computer to read from the target drive but blocks all write requests. All you have to do connect a USB port from your drive to the Tableau and then plug in the USB port from the Tableau bridge to the Digital Processing laptop. Or you can Safe Mount your device using the following method:

1. Once you have attached your device to the computer and it has been recognized by the BitCurator environment, an icon should appear in the lower left corner of the task bar
2. Right click on the icon and select “Scripts” then “Safe Mount”



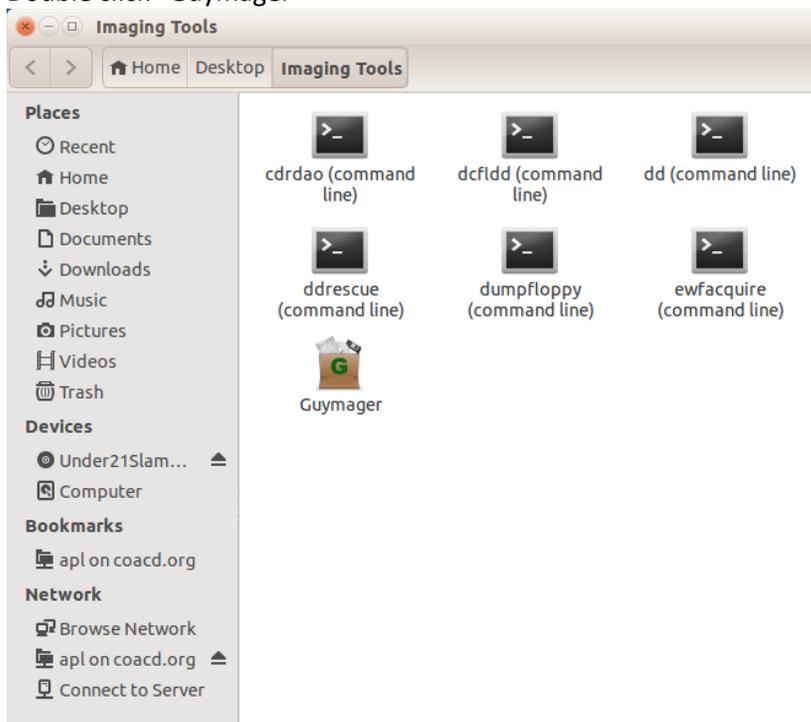
3. A Safe Mount window should open and you will need to select your device. If you do not know what device to select, click on “Device Information”



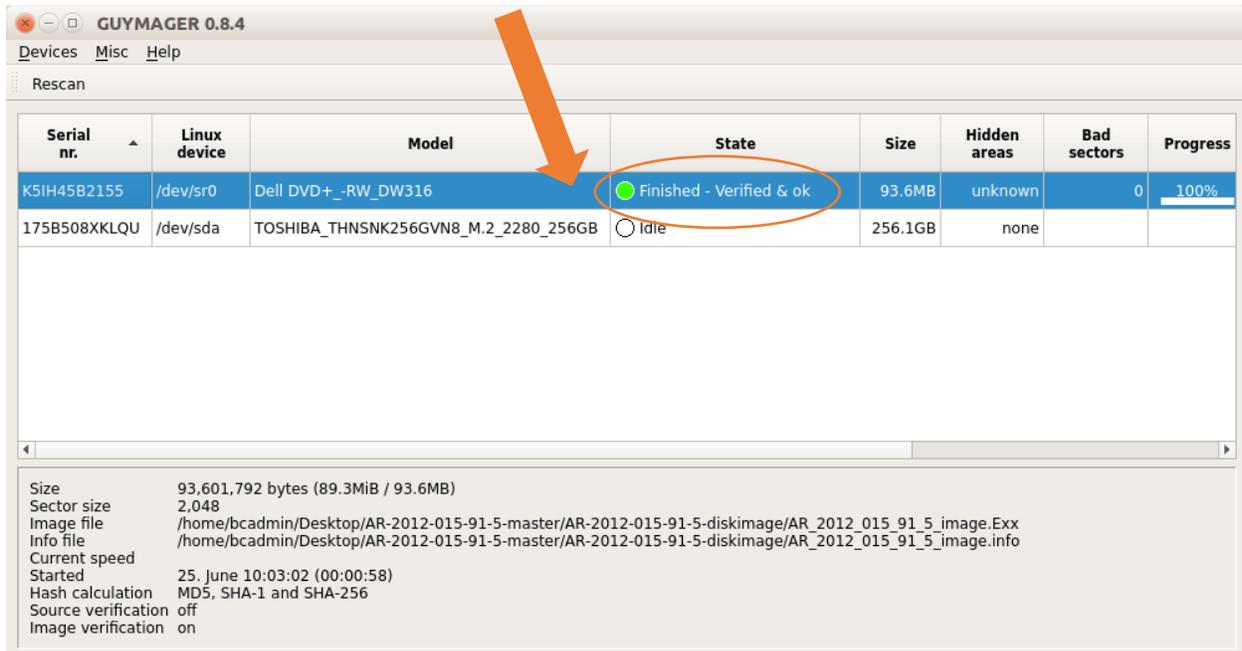
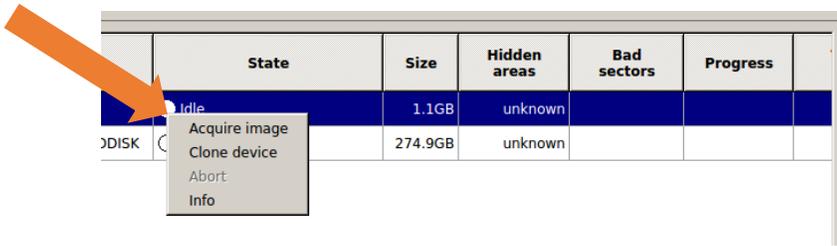
4. In this test case it is: “dev/sdb1”. Once you have selected your device, click “OK”
5. You should then receive the above success message: “Device successfully mounted **read-only**”

Creating a Disk Image:

1. Create a folder on the desktop to house all of the files for the collection. Give the folder the collection number as the name using the file naming conventions in Appendix E. (in this case: AR-2012-015)
2. Create a sub-folder for each disk in the collection using CM number created using the file naming conventions in Appendix E (in this case: AR-2012-015-91-5)
3. Double click the “Imaging Tools” folder on the Desktop
4. Double click “Guymager”



5. Select the media (in this case: USB Flash Disk) by **right clicking** on the device and selecting “Acquire image”



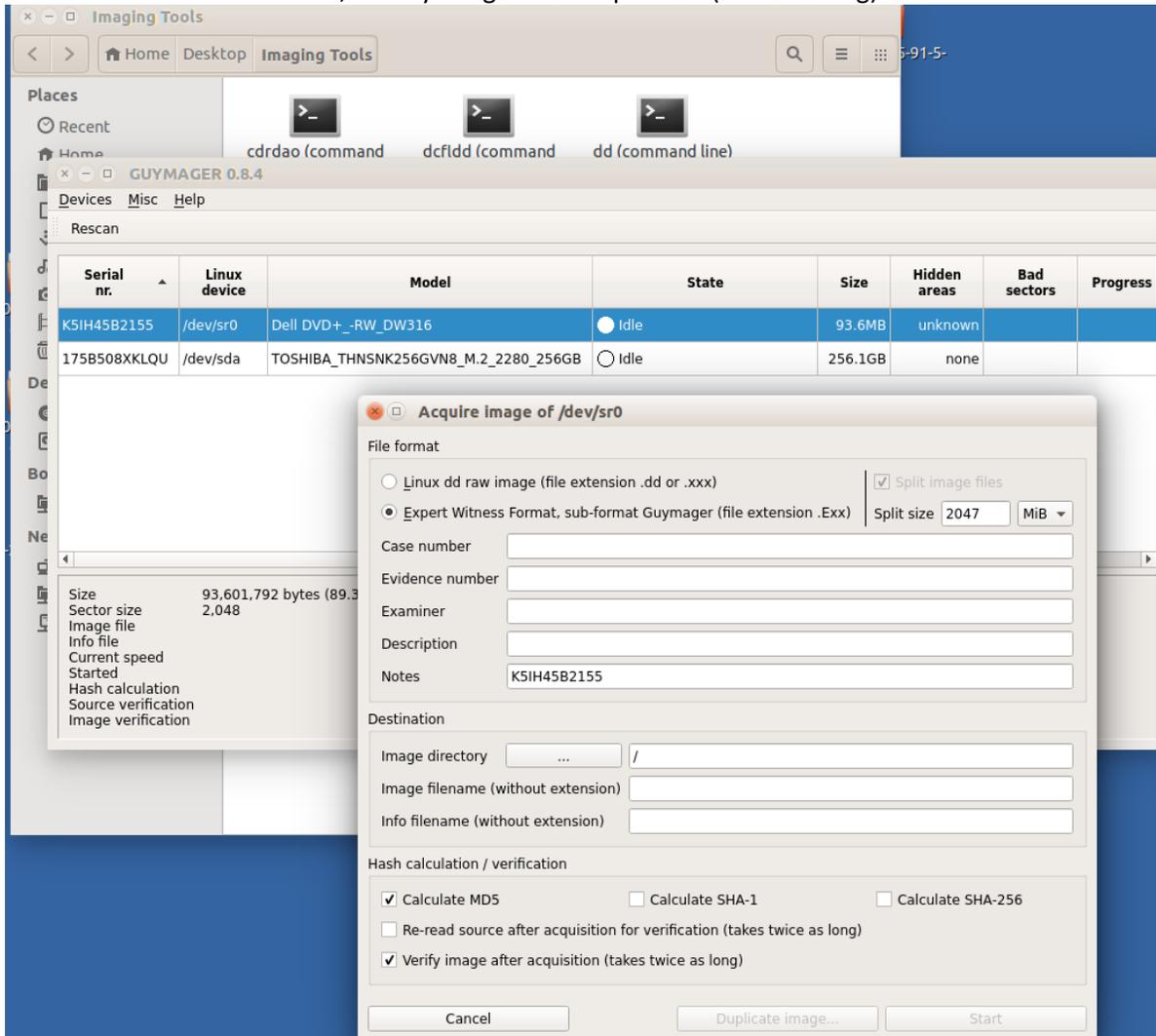
6. A dialog box will appear. Fill out the following information:

a. File Format:

- i. "Expert Witness Format, sub-format Guymager (file extension .Exx)
- ii. Case number: this should be the **Collection number** for the collection (in this case: AR-2017-020)
- iii. Evidence number: **Collection number** and the disk number (even if there is only one) (in this case: AR-2012-015-91-5). Note most Evidence numbers will follow the schema where the AR# will be followed by 001, 002, 003 . . . and so on to designate the media number. The 91-5 in this example follows an established numbering schema for tape/DVD numbers that is unique to this collection.
- iv. Examiner: **Archivist's name** (ex. Nikole Koehlert)
- v. Description: the CM number from the media log, other descriptive information, such as the disk/drive type (in this case: A sample USB disk image), the folder name if the disk came from a folder, and serial number (which will usually auto-populate in the Notes section. **DO NOT** use the auto generated serial number for CD or DVD disks as the serial number that will generate is for the Dell disk drive).
- vi. Notes: the **date** in format: **yyyy-mm-dd**

b. Destination:

- i. Image directory: click on “...” button to the left of the image directory. Select the folder where you want to send the disk image. This should be the folder you created on the desktop with the AR number at the beginning (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/ AR-2012-015-master /AR-2012-015-91-5/AR-2012-015-91-5-diskimage)
 - ii. Image file name (without extension): Evidence number and image. (ex. AR_2012_015_91_5_image)
 - iii. Info filename (without extension): this will auto fill from the above field
- c. Hash Value/Verification:
- i. Select the following boxes: “Calculate MD5”, “Calculate SHA-1”, “Calculate SHA-256”, “Verify image after acquisition (twice as long)”



Acquire image of /dev/sr0

File format

Linux dd raw image (file extension .dd or .xxx)
 Split image files
 Expert Witness Format, sub-format Guymager (file extension .Exx)
 Split size MiB ▾

Case number
 Evidence number
 Examiner
 Description
 Notes

Destination

Image directory Desktop/AR-2012-015-91-5-master/AR-2012-015-91-5-diskimage/
 Image filename (without extension)
 Info filename (without extension)

Hash calculation / verification

Calculate MD5
 Calculate SHA-1
 Calculate SHA-256
 Re-read source after acquisition for verification (takes twice as long)
 Verify image after acquisition (takes twice as long)

- d. Select "Start" and BitCurator will begin running the Acquisition.
- e. When the acquisition has completed, the "State" will say: "Finished- Verified & ok." At this point you may exit Guymager

	State	Size	Hidden areas	Bad sectors	Progress
	Finished - Verified & ok	1.1GB	unknown	0	<input type="text" value="100%"/>

7. Navigate to the AR folder on the Desktop where your disk image was deposited and verify you have a minimum of two files: the **.E01** image file, and a **.info** file (it is possible for Guymager to split the disk image into multiple files which will carry extensions numbered **.E01**, **.E02**, **.E03**, ..., **.E0n**). When running the Data Analysis & Metadata Extraction steps on these files selecting the **.E01** file will cause BitCurator to automatically look for the rest of the files. It should be noted

that it is possible to choose the size of the splits for files in the previous steps making it possible to purposely only have one .E01 file.)

8. To view the .info file: right click on it and select "Open with" and then select "LibreOffice Writer." The acquisition report information will look like this:

Acquisition
=====

Linux device : /dev/sr0
Device size : 93601792 (93.6MB)
Format : Expert Witness Format, sub-format Guymager - file extension is .Exx
Image meta data
Case number : AR-2012-015
Evidence number : AR-2012-015-91-5
Examiner : Nikole Koehlert
Description : PODER Records Texas Youth Word Collective "Slam: The New Face of Poetry," 2004
Notes : 20180625
Image path and file name: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/AR-2012-015-91-5-master/AR-2012-015-91-5-diskimage/AR_2012_015_91_5_image.Exx
Info path and file name: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/AR-2012-015-91-5-master/AR-2012-015-91-5-diskimage/AR_2012_015_91_5_image.info
Hash calculation : MD5, SHA-1 and SHA-256
Source verification : off
Image verification : on

No bad sectors encountered during acquisition.
State: Finished successfully

MD5 hash : 95c60a66446359973b416ebfca59fc9c
MD5 hash verified source : --
MD5 hash verified image : 95c60a66446359973b416ebfca59fc9c
SHA1 hash : 9ce4318d5db2a67829ed6531bd2929ecdc140fd7
SHA1 hash verified source : --
SHA1 hash verified image : 9ce4318d5db2a67829ed6531bd2929ecdc140fd7
SHA256 hash : 588297a356247812d2cd70853f429420794d08facb3589041d3251807180d9b6
SHA256 hash verified source: --
SHA256 hash verified image :
588297a356247812d2cd70853f429420794d08facb3589041d3251807180d9b6
Image verification OK. The image contains exactly the data that was written.

Acquisition started : 2018-06-25 10:03:02 (ISO format YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS)
Verification started: 2018-06-25 10:04:00
Ended : 2018-06-25 10:04:01 (0 hours, 0 minutes and 58 seconds)
Acquisition speed : 1.57 MByte/s (0 hours, 0 minutes and 57 seconds)
Verification speed : 89.27 MByte/s (0 hours, 0 minutes and 1 seconds)

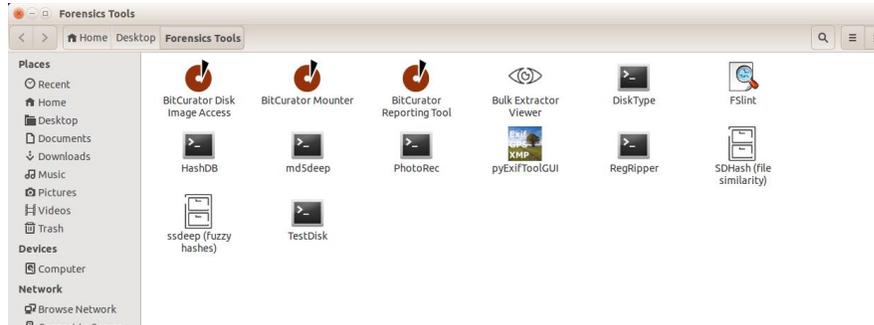
Generated image files and their MD5 hashes
=====

No MD5 hashes available (configuration parameter CalcImageFileMD5 is off)
MD5 Image file

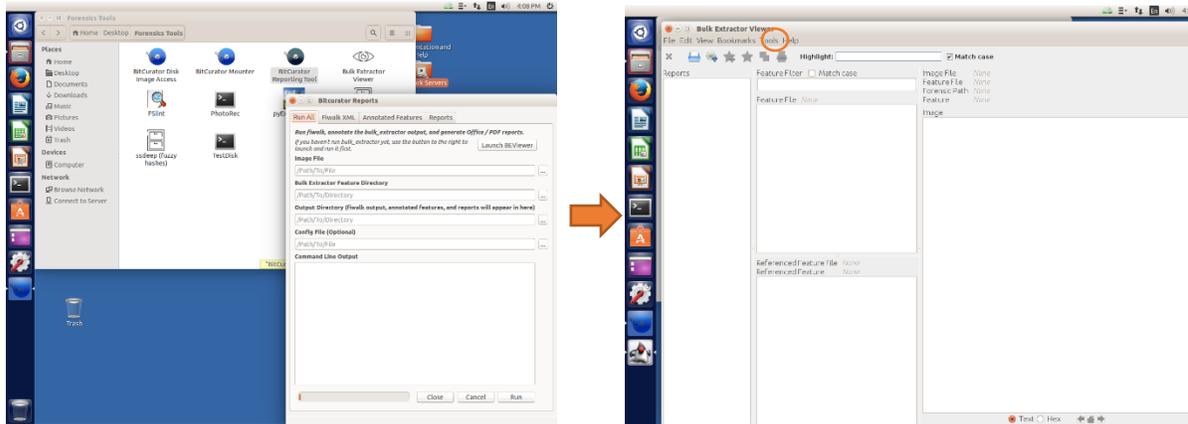
9. Now that the disk has been imaged, you must eject it from the system. *Note that even if it is not mounted you will still want to do this so the operating system knows the original media is no longer available.*
 - a. To eject: Right click on disk icon in the doc and click “Eject”

Forensic Processing: Data Analysis & Metadata Extraction

1. Double click the “Forensics Tools” folder on the Desktop. In BitCurator 1.6.2 you should have the following tools within this folder:



2. Double click the “BitCurator Reporting Tool” icon and a window should appear called “BitCurator Reports”. Select “Launch BEViewer” on the upper right-hand side of the window to run “Bulk Extractor Viewer”.⁴
3. BEViewer is the GUI⁵ front-end to Bulk Extractor, a tool that allows you to identify sensitive information and metadata contained within the bitstreams extracted from the source media (telephone numbers, email addresses, SSNs, EXIF metadata)

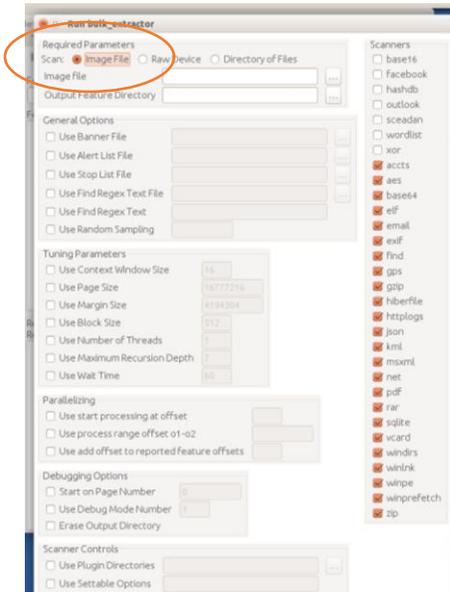


4. Click on the “Tools” tab at the top of the “Bulk Extractor Viewer” window
5. Select “Run Bulk Extractor”. Another window should appear that allows you to select the image file, what scanners you would like to run (right column) and where to generate the “bulk-extractor-report” directory.

⁴ Note that in earlier versions of BitCurator you may simply select “Bulk Extractor Viewer” from the “Forensics Tools” folder.

⁵ GUI: graphical user interface

Example of scanners



6. To select the image and report directory:

Image file: navigate to where your .E01 file is located by selecting the “...” (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/AR-2012-015-91-5-master/AR-2012-015-91-5-diskimage/AR_2012_015_91_5_image.E01

Run bulk_extractor

Required Parameters

Scan: Image File Raw Device Directory of Files

Image file: ...

Output Feature Directory: ...

General Options

Use Banner File ...

Use Alert List File ...

Use Stop List File ...

Use Find Regex Text File ...

Use Find Regex Text

Use Random Sampling

Tuning Parameters

Use Context Window Size

Use Page Size

Use Margin Size

Use Block Size

Use Number of Threads

Use Maximum Recursion Depth

Use Wait Time

Parallelizing

Use start processing at offset

Use process range offset o1-o2

Use add offset to reported feature offsets

Debugging Options

Start on Page Number

Use Debug Mode Number

Erase Output Directory

Scanner Controls

Use Plugin Directories ...

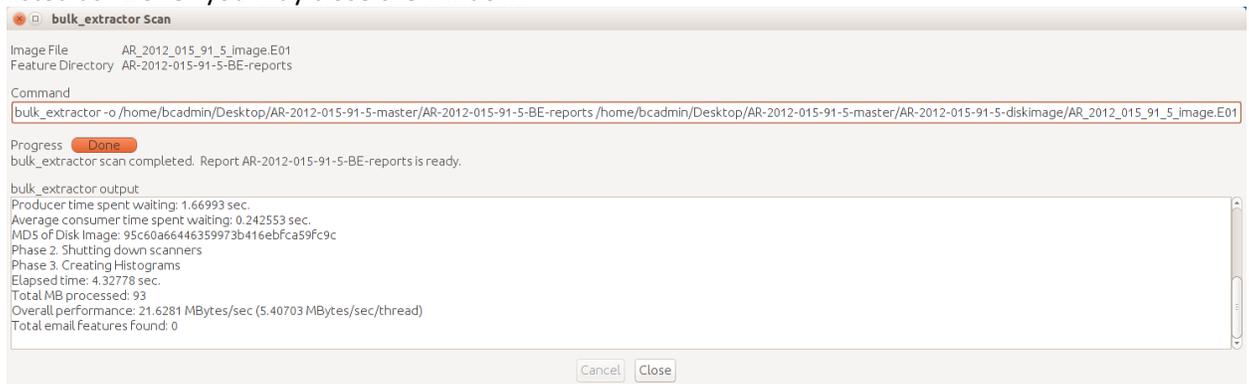
Use Settable Options

Scanners

- base16
- facebook
- outlook
- sceanan
- wordlist
- xor
- accts
- accts_lg
- aes
- base16_lg
- base64
- elf
- email
- email_lg
- exif
- find
- gps
- gps_lg
- gzip
- hiberfile
- httplogs
- json
- kml
- lightgrep
- msxml
- net
- pdf
- rar
- sqlite
- vcard
- windirs
- winlnk
- winpe
- winprefetch
- zip

Manage Queue... Import... **Submit Run** Cancel

7. Output Feature Directory: This is the folder you created within your AR folder on the Desktop named using the file naming conventions in Appendix E. Navigate to your test data folder and then type “AR-2012-015-91-5-BE-reports” so the full file path is “/home/bcadmin/Desktop/ AR-2012-015-master /AR-2012-015-91-5/AR-2012-015-91-5-BE-reports”. *Note that to select a folder you must double click it, not just click and highlight the folder.*
8. Click “Submit Run” at the bottom of the dialog box to run the Bulk Extractor. *Note that in order to see the “Submit Run” button, the “Run bulk_extractor” window must be expanded to full screen.*
9. A window will appear indicating the “Progress” of the bulk_extractor scan. Once the status is listed as “Done” you may close the window.

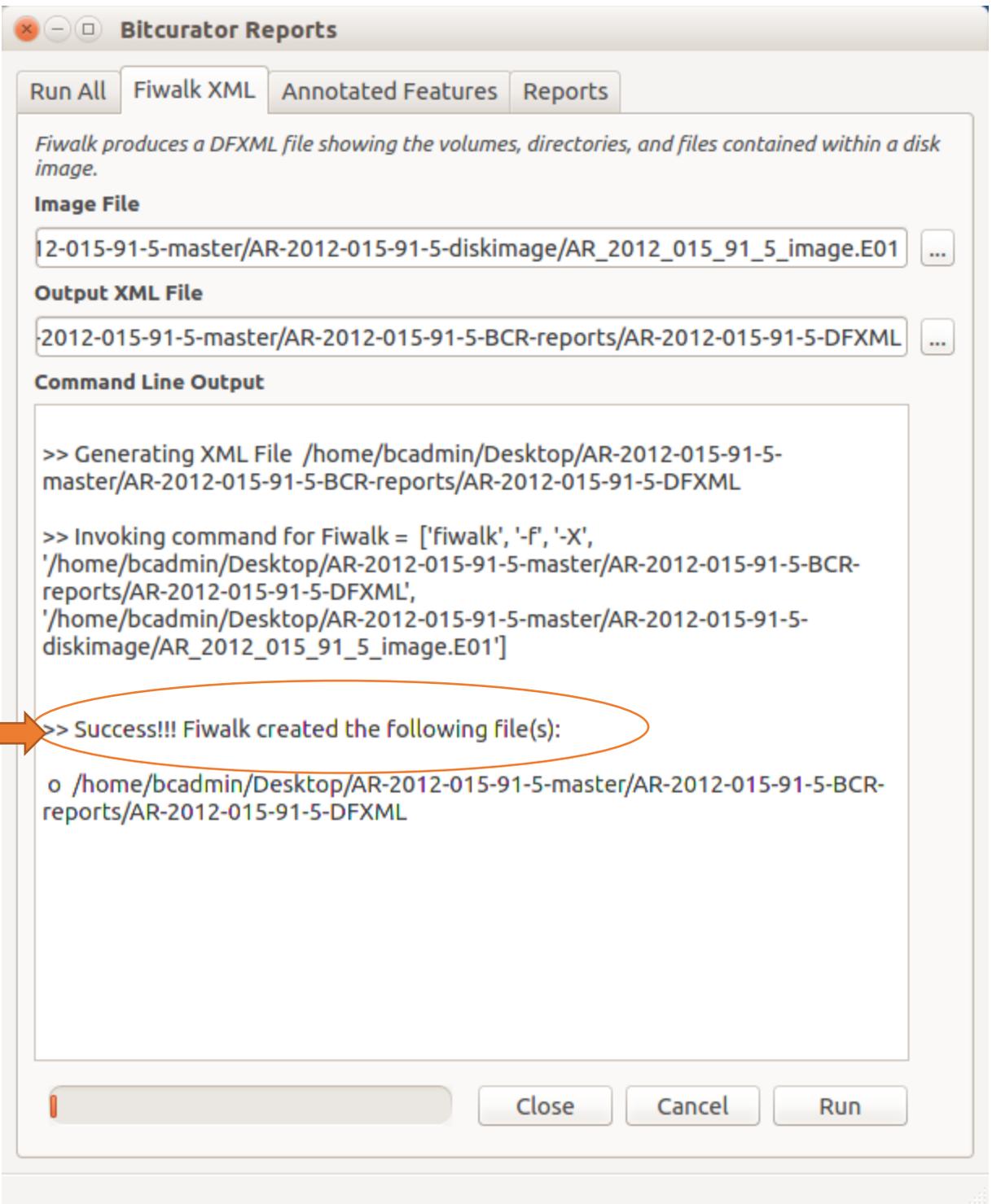


10. Once completed the report directory will be available in the “AR-2012-015-91-5-BE-reports” folder. Navigate to this folder to ensure your reports have been generated.

Generating Human Readable Reports from the Bulk Extractor Reports:

1. In the “Forensics Tools” folder select “BitCurator Reporting Tool”
2. Click on the “Fiwalk XML” tab:
3. Click on the “...” next to “Image File” and navigate to the .E01 file in the disk image folder in the collection folder on the Desktop (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/ AR-2012-015-master /AR-2012-015-91-5/AR-2012-015-91-5-diskimage/AR_2012_015_91_5_image.E01)
4. Click on the “...” next to “Output XML File” and navigate to the BCR reports folder in the disk folder in the collection folder on the Desktop (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/ AR-2012-015-master / AR-2012-015-91-5/ AR-2012-015-91-5-BCR-reports)
5. Name the file according to the file naming conventions in Appendix E (in this case: AR- AR-2012-015-91-5-DFXML)
6. Click “Run” in the bottom right corner and the DFXML file will be created and placed in the folder.
7. You will see the following success message once the DFXML file generation is complete:

Success Message



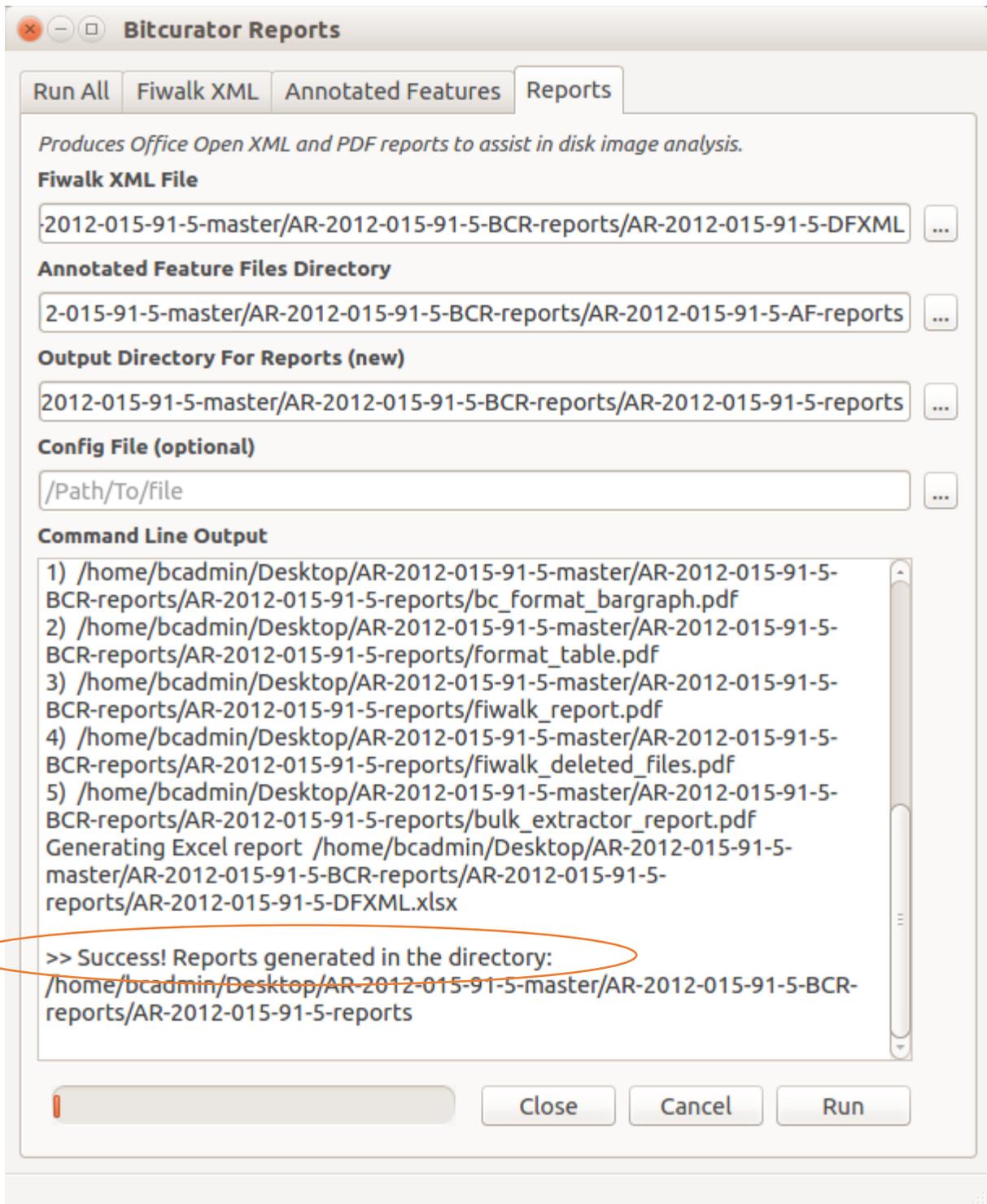
8. Click on the "Annotated Features" tab:



9. Click on the “...” next to “Image File” and navigate to the .E01 file in the disk image folder in the collection folder on the Desktop (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/ AR-2012-015-master/ AR-2012-015-91-5/ AR-2012-015-91-5-diskimage/ AR_2012_015_91_5_image.E01)
10. Click on the “...” next to “Bulk Extractor Feature Directory” and navigate to the BE reports folder in the disk folder in the collection folder on the Desktop. (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/ AR-2012-015-master / AR-2012-015-91-5/ AR-2012-015-91-5-BE-reports)

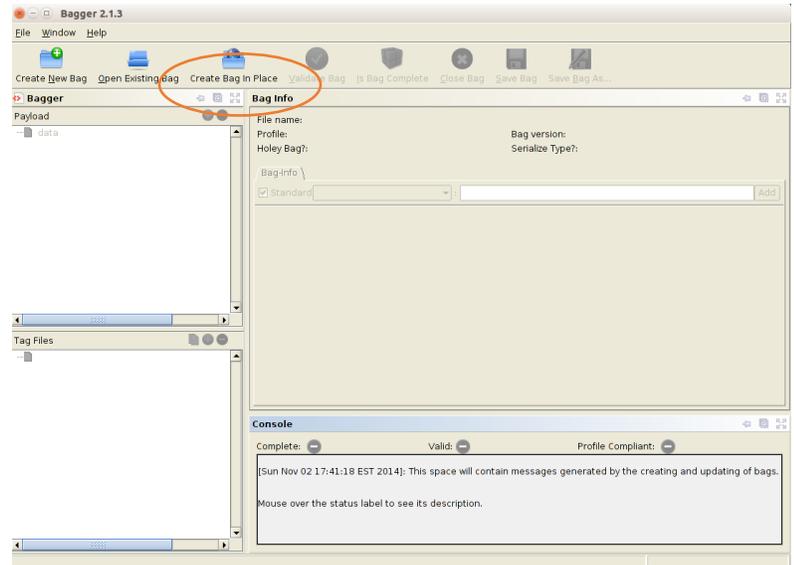
11. Click the “...” next to “Annotates Feature Files Directory (new)” and navigate to the BCR reports folder in the disk folder in the collection folder on the Desktop (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/AR-2012-015-master/AR-2012-015-91-5/AR-2012-015-91-5-BCR-reports)
12. Name the new directory using the file naming conventions in Appendix E (in this case: AR-2012-015-91-5-AF-reports)
13. Click “Run” in the lower right corner and the Annotated Features reports and directory will be created.
14. You will see a success message when once the reports have been generated:
15. Click on the “Reports” tab:
16. Click on the “...” next to “Fiwalk XML File” and navigate to the XML file in the BCR reports folder in the disk folder in the collection folder on the Desktop (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/AR-2017-020/AR-2017-020-001/AR-2017-020-001-BCR-reports/AR-2017-020-001-DFXML)
17. Click on the “...” next to “Annotated Feature Files Directory” and navigate to the AR reports folder in the BE reports folder in the disk folder in the collection folder on the Desktop. (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/AR-2017-020/AR-2017-020-001/AR-2017-020-001-BE-reports/AR-2017-020-001-AF-reports)
18. Click the “...” next to “Output Directory For Reports (new)” and navigate to the BCR reports folder in the disk folder in the collection folder on the Desktop (in this case: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/AR-2017-020/AR-2017-020-001/AR-2017-020-001-BCR-reports)
19. Name the new directory using the file naming conventions in Appendix E (in this case: AR-2017-020-001- reports)
20. Click “Run” in the lower right corner and the reports and directory will be created.
21. You will see the following success message when once the reports have been generated:

Success Message

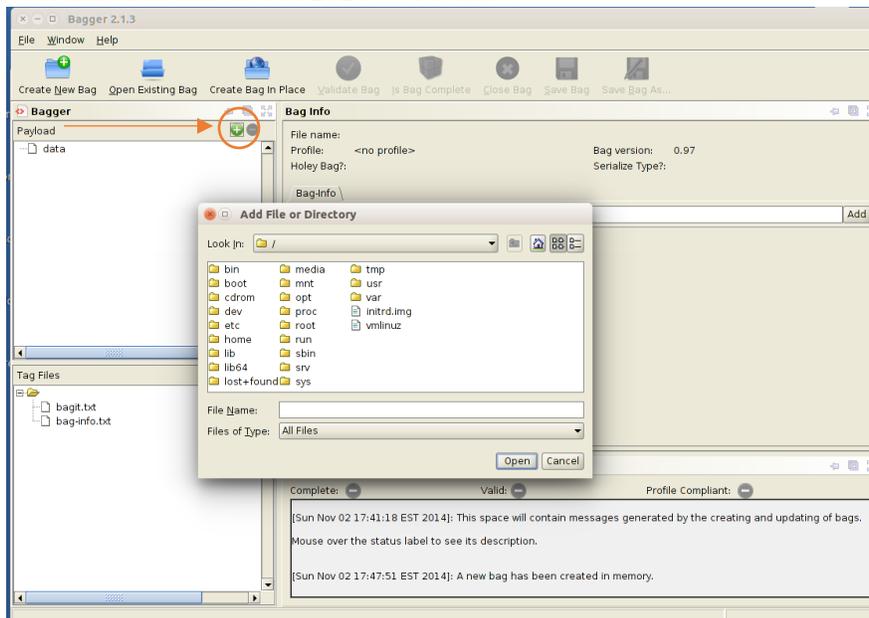


Creating a Bag of the Disk Image and Reports:

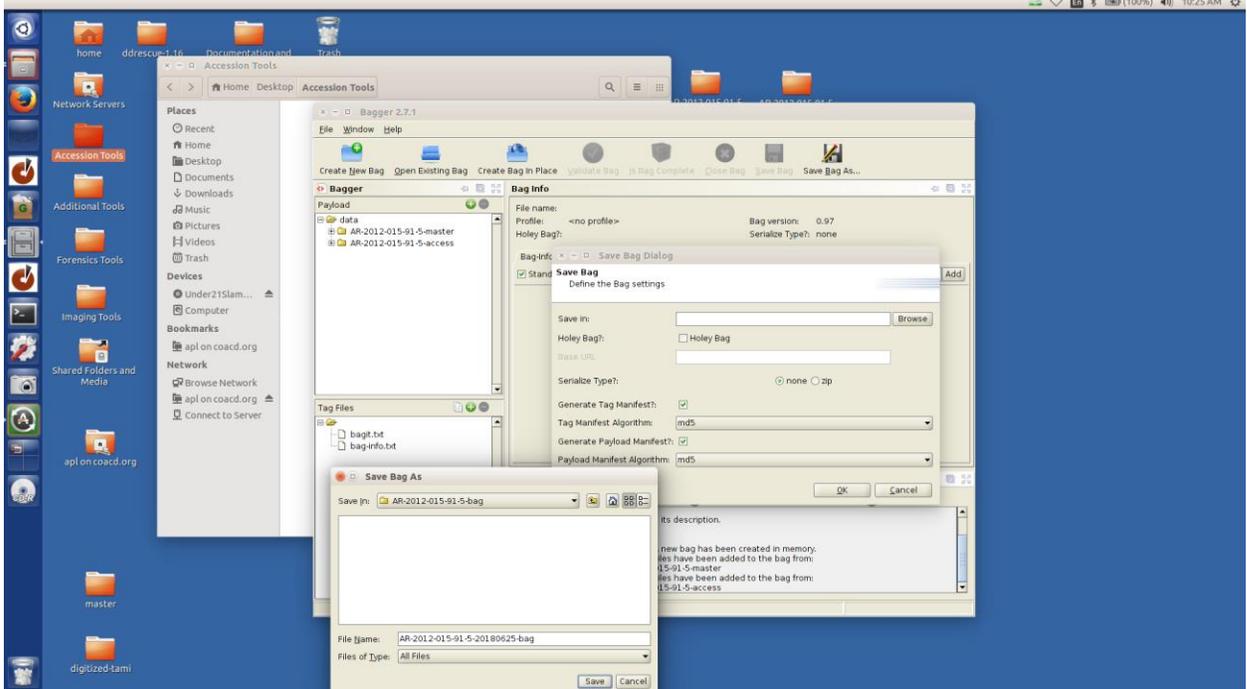
1. Double click folder on the Desktop "Accession Tools"
2. Choose GUI bagger interface
3. Bagger will open. It looks like this:
4. Select "Create New Bag"
 - a. Bag version: 0.97 (select newest version)
 - b. select profile: <no profile>



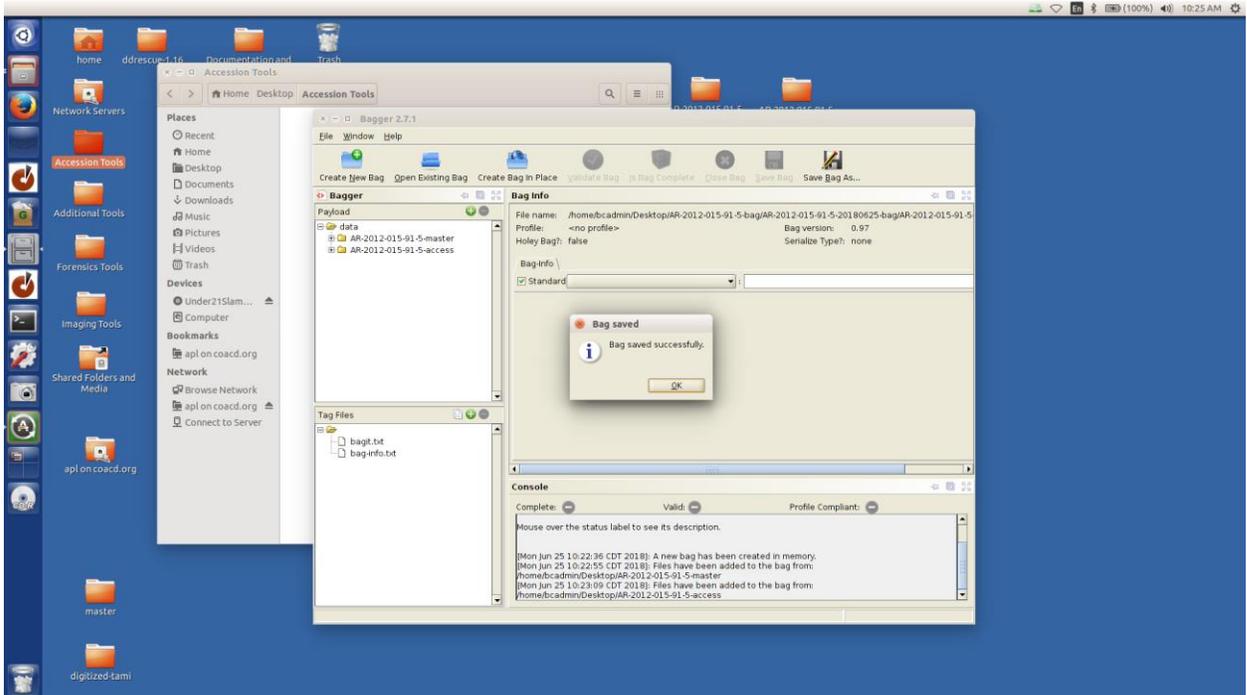
5. A bag is created simply called "data" and it will be empty. You will want to add the AR folder on your Desktop to this bag
6. To add the AR folder select the **green plus sign** on the upper right hand corner of the "Payload" box
7. A new dialog box will appear: select home → bcadmin → Desktop → [AR folder] (in this case: AR-2014-004). *You may select as many folders as you like from as many places as you like to add to your bag.* In this example, we will add the disk image, the reports, and the isolated deleted files, all contained within the AR-2014-004 folder.



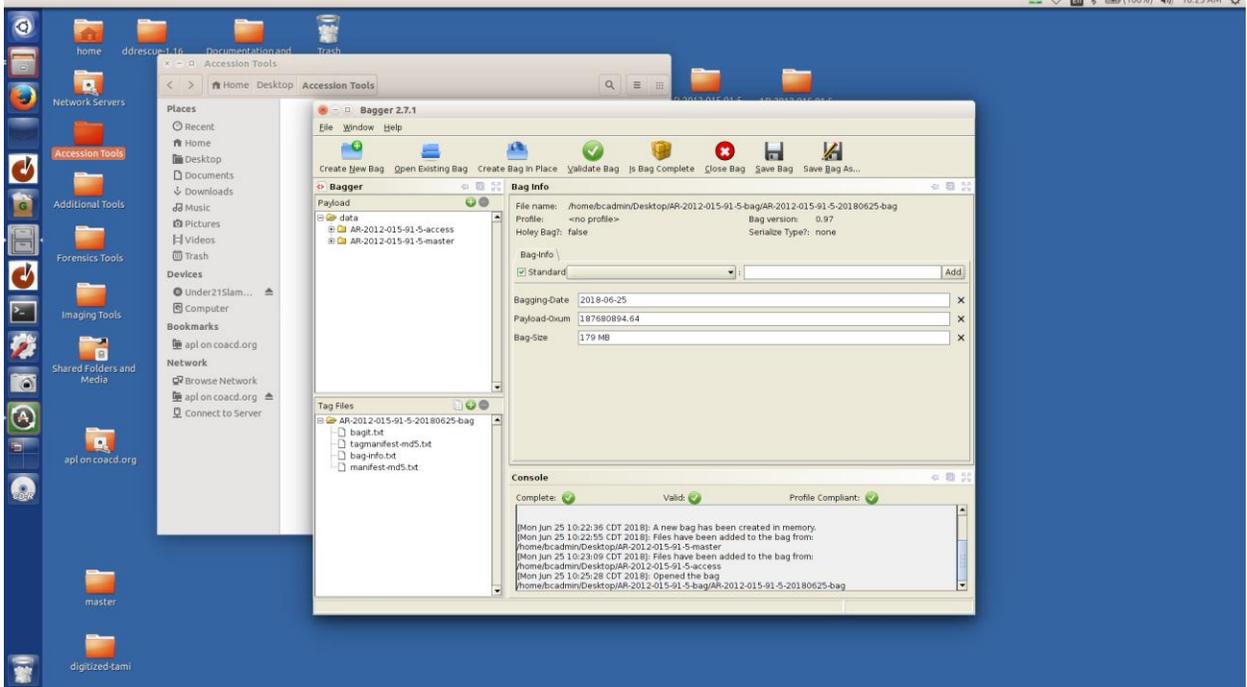
8. To save the bag: select "Save Bag As" navigate to the Desktop and create a new folder following the LOC naming convention: **description of bag-date_bag**. The "description of bag" will be the AR number. (In this case: AR-2012-015-91-5-bag)



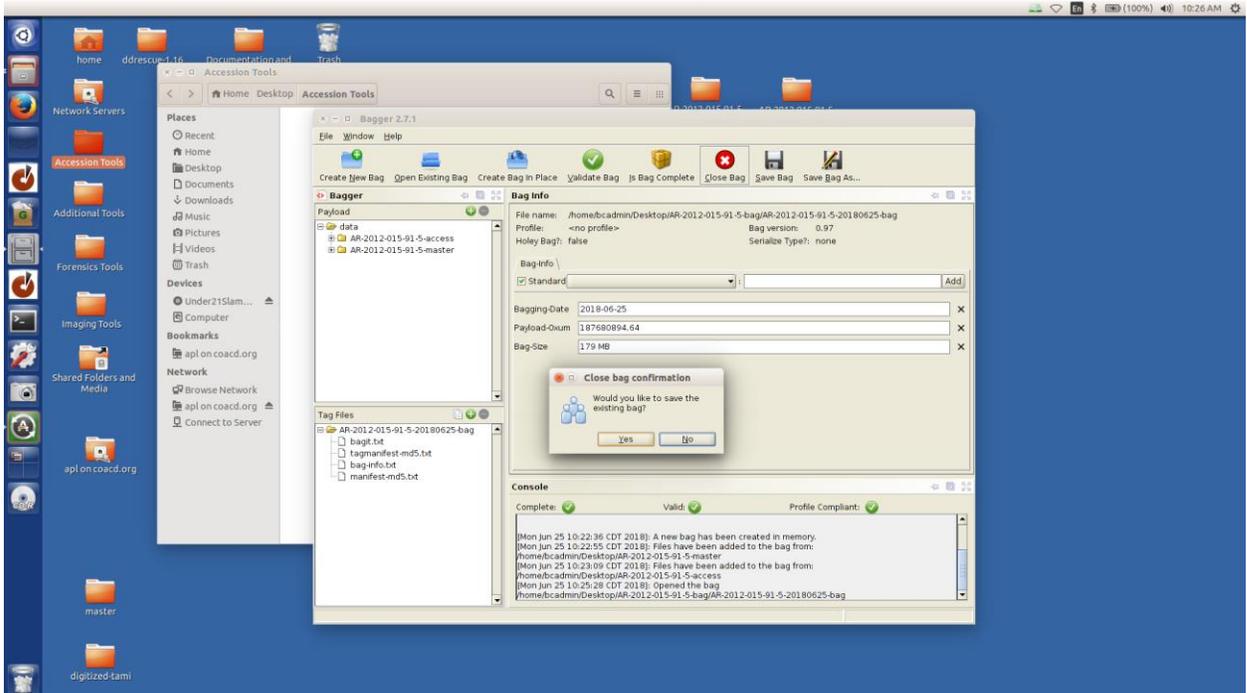
- a. The file path should be: /home/bcadmin/Desktop/ AR-2012-015-91-5-bags
9. Select “Okay” and dialog box should appear: “your bag was successfully saved”

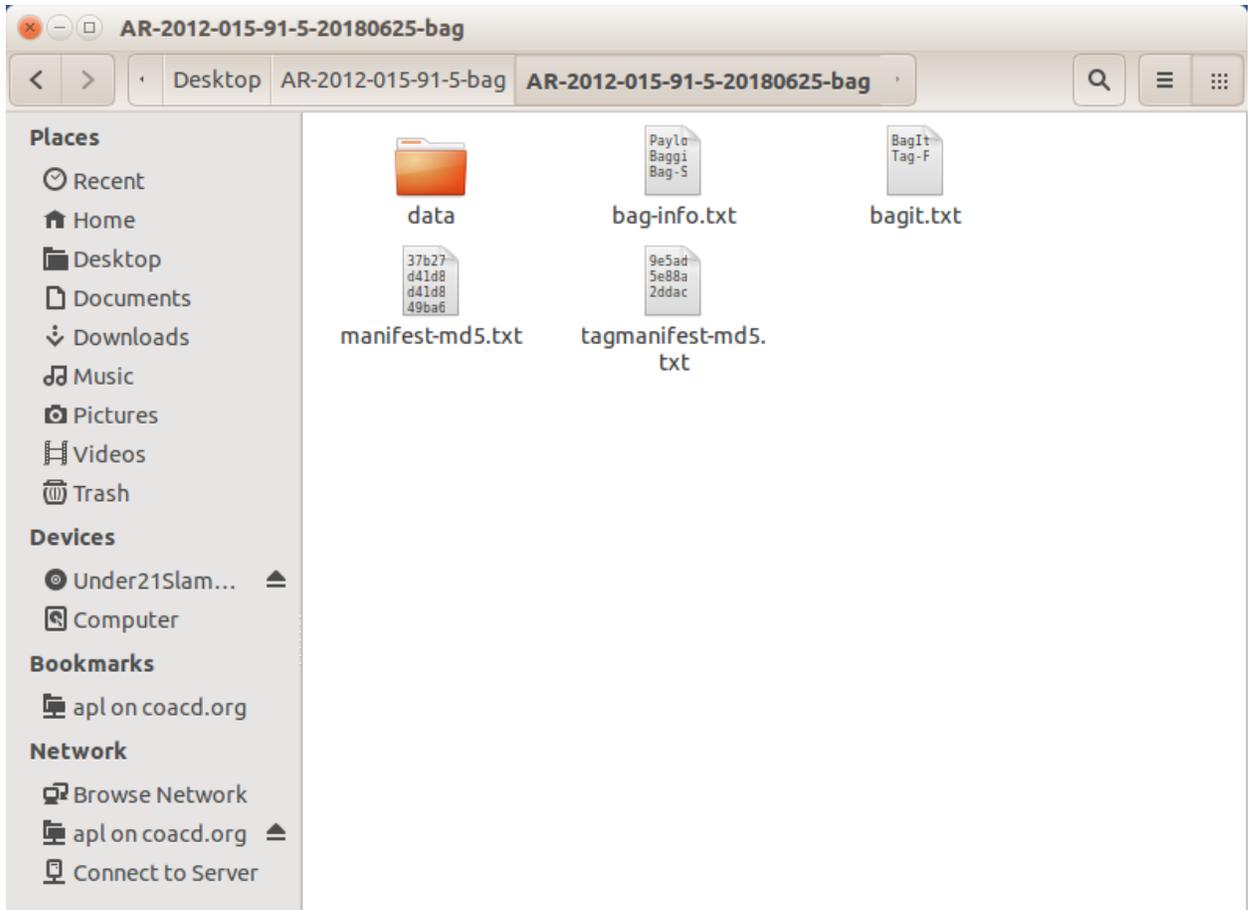


10. You may view the check sums etc. under the “Tag Files” box. Select the icon of **white sheets** to the left of the green plus sign. The dialog box that opens looks like this:



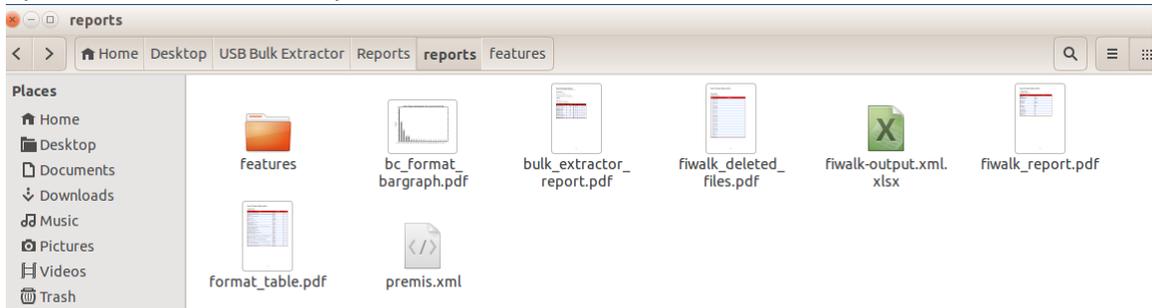
11. To exit select “Close Bag.” Note if bagger asks you to save the bag again, select “No” as you have already done this and there is no need to save over the file.

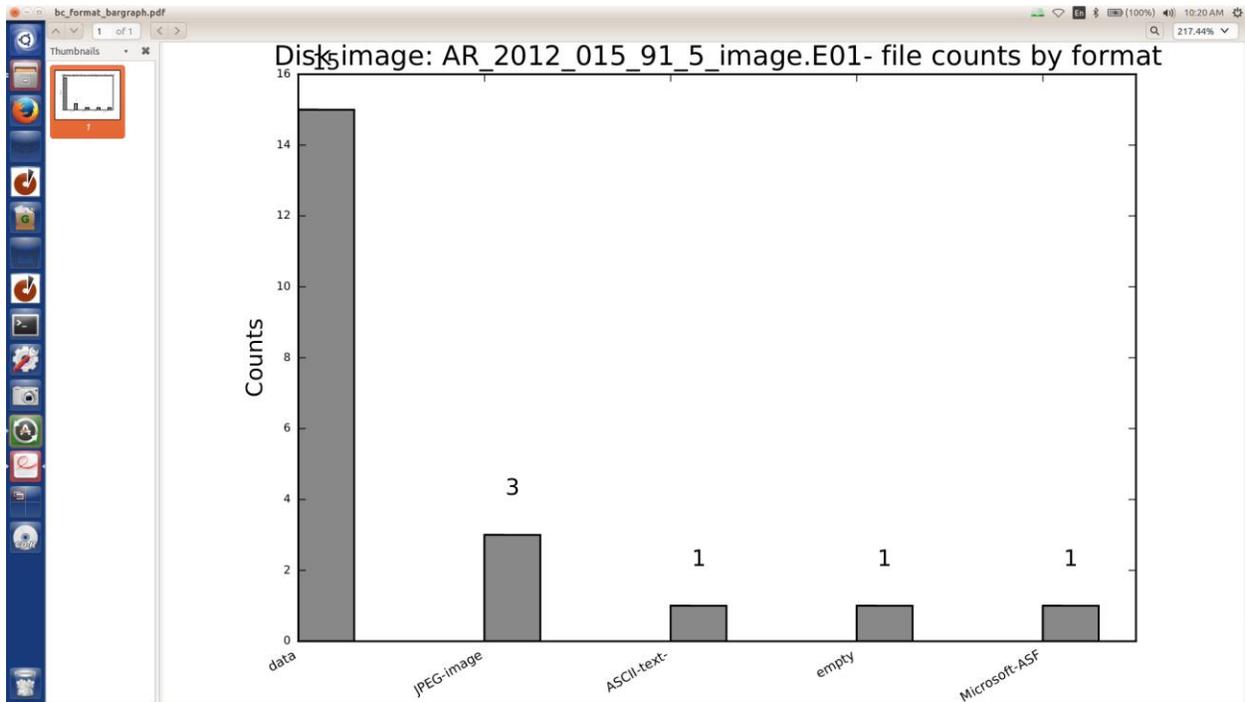




BitCurator Example Reports:

Examples of human readable reports:





Count by file format

Deleted files

Deleted File	Deleted File
1	IMG_1367.JPG
1	IMG_1368.JPG
1	IMG_1369.JPG
1	IMG_1370.JPG
1	IMG_1371.JPG
1	IMG_1372.JPG
1	IMG_1373.JPG
1	IMG_1374.JPG
1	IMG_1375.JPG
1	IMG_1376.JPG
1	IMG_1377.JPG
1	IMG_1378.JPG
1	IMG_1379.JPG
1	IMG_1380.JPG
1	IMG_1381.JPG
1	IMG_1382.JPG
1	IMG_1383.JPG
1	IMG_1384.JPG
1	IMG_1385.JPG
1	IMG_1386.JPG
1	IMG_1387.JPG
1	IMG_1388.JPG
1	IMG_1389.JPG
1	IMG_1390.JPG
1	IMG_1391.JPG
1	IMG_1392.JPG
1	IMG_1393.JPG
1	IMG_1394.JPG
1	IMG_1395.JPG
1	IMG_1396.JPG
1	IMG_1397.JPG
1	IMG_1398.JPG
1	IMG_1399.JPG
1	IMG_1400.JPG
1	IMG_1401.JPG
1	IMG_1402.JPG
1	IMG_1403.JPG
1	IMG_1404.JPG
1	IMG_1405.JPG
1	IMG_1406.JPG
1	IMG_1407.JPG
1	IMG_1408.JPG
1	IMG_1409.JPG
1	IMG_1410.JPG
1	IMG_1411.JPG
1	IMG_1412.JPG
1	IMG_1413.JPG
1	IMG_1414.JPG
1	IMG_1415.JPG
1	IMG_1416.JPG
1	IMG_1417.JPG
1	IMG_1418.JPG
1	IMG_1419.JPG
1	IMG_1420.JPG
1	IMG_1421.JPG
1	IMG_1422.JPG
1	IMG_1423.JPG
1	IMG_1424.JPG
1	IMG_1425.JPG
1	IMG_1426.JPG
1	IMG_1427.JPG
1	IMG_1428.JPG
1	IMG_1429.JPG
1	IMG_1430.JPG
1	IMG_1431.JPG
1	IMG_1432.JPG
1	IMG_1433.JPG
1	IMG_1434.JPG
1	IMG_1435.JPG
1	IMG_1436.JPG
1	IMG_1437.JPG
1	IMG_1438.JPG
1	IMG_1439.JPG
1	IMG_1440.JPG
1	IMG_1441.JPG
1	IMG_1442.JPG
1	IMG_1443.JPG
1	IMG_1444.JPG
1	IMG_1445.JPG
1	IMG_1446.JPG
1	IMG_1447.JPG
1	IMG_1448.JPG
1	IMG_1449.JPG
1	IMG_1450.JPG
1	IMG_1451.JPG
1	IMG_1452.JPG
1	IMG_1453.JPG
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1	IMG_1460.JPG
1	IMG_1461.JPG
1	IMG_1462.JPG
1	IMG_1463.JPG
1	IMG_1464.JPG
1	IMG_1465.JPG
1	IMG_1466.JPG
1	IMG_1467.JPG
1	IMG_1468.JPG
1	IMG_1469.JPG
1	IMG_1470.JPG
1	IMG_1471.JPG
1	IMG_1472.JPG
1	IMG_1473.JPG
1	IMG_1474.JPG
1	IMG_1475.JPG
1	IMG_1476.JPG
1	IMG_1477.JPG
1	IMG_1478.JPG
1	IMG_1479.JPG
1	Config
1	README.TXT
1	Tracker_01
1	Tracker_02

Checksums for every bitstream

Partition	Filename	Extension	Filesize	File format	Change time	Access time	Create time	Modification	MD5 Hash	SHA1 Hash
1	20min video U21S.wmv	wmv	93463088	Microsoft ASF	None	None	2004-06-21	None	18ce6bab0412bb1c2f8649bd43838dc2	47142e7e0f15e7bac8aa74da2baaa10841204a31
1	HIGHMAT/AUTHOR.XML	XML	107	ASCII text	None	None	2004-06-21	None	1782442fd98920e44649e6ab3a171ba	816c2329b236ff757d604d1eb7edee90e4060514
1	HIGHMAT/CONTENTS.HMT	HMT	4188	data	None	None	2004-06-21	None	f945874ec5b5b1de4d82fb1354d0f55	ad5967aa6bca1f375822c0c7d1286a51571dd14
1	HIGHMAT/IMAGES/(5BF4E443-4698-4EB2-0-HMT	HMT	19986	JPEG image	None	None	2004-06-21	None	8a6c712baba5b841d14ff49707296220	90a2b3dbee79cb0bd0cea8387863f64c14e22c8b
1	HIGHMAT/IMAGES/(B3FD1E5F-9D0A-4164-9-HMT	HMT	2049	JPEG image	None	None	2004-06-21	None	c820b580d1191749a8abd0452fc84fc6	3e291bea065da5536cd5ae79b2b07c1978a0dcd4
1	HIGHMAT/IMAGES/(C6BFCD21-4A2C-4DC4-9-HMT	HMT	2906	JPEG image	None	None	2004-06-21	None	becd9c96942977f6d9d26a59110c8ca	b1336f0d9c923703dc66f7e9757b9fcae9f1aaa0
1	HIGHMAT/MENU.HMT	HMT	176	data	None	None	2004-06-21	None	25caf06b5a0ecbbf5f80ad0c2291ed7	e7c14ef9094c9c4aa9da1781ae2669fd7be98888
1	HIGHMAT/PLAYLIST/00000001.HMT	HMT	72	data	None	None	2004-06-21	None	c5451d199c1deae417498ca63ae825bb	55756901564e1418591708ac02f3635e4e2e28e4
1	HIGHMAT/TEXT.HMT	HMT	220	data	None	None	2004-06-21	None	0e811fa7745ba0d521eb741e2dd67bd0	2ff75fb3b425130e6b57b0dc3ab475dff58b9e999

Report: File System Statistics and Files

Technical Metadata

Found 1 Partition in this disk

Disk Image: testimage.E01

Feature	Value
Partition	1
PARTITION OFFSET	16384
BLOCK COUNT	2060768
FIRST BLOCK	0
LAST BLOCK	2060767
BLOCK SIZE	2060768
FTYPE	8
FTYPE STR	fat32
Number of Files	226
Total Directories	57
Total Deleted Files	62
Total Unused Files	0
Files with Nlinks > 1	0
Empty Files	15
Big Files(> 1 MB)	98

Technical metadata

ACCESS COPIES

How to Provide Access to Born-digital Material:

The AHC will provide access to unprocessed born-digital material. If there are specific access/use restrictions related to a collection, such as donor, repository, or regulatory restrictions, contact the Processing Archivist or Digital Archivist.

Access to disk images or individual files in a donation may be dependent upon the Submission Information Package. When providing disk image access it is important to consider that a disk image is like a digital artifact and users may be able to access metadata or deleted files the AHC or the donor did not intend to provide access to. Presently BitCurator does not provide the capability to redact content from a disk image.

Disk images/individual files may be:

- Restricted or Open to all users (see Finding Aid “Use Restrictions”)
 - A copy of the disk image is burned to a DVD, or the responsible archivist may decide that further processing is necessary (i.e. folder renaming, file renaming, folder and file reorganization,

- making derivative copies of image files, etc.). After processing actions are complete files access files will be burned to a DVD.
- The access disk will be kept in Digital Storage.
 - Access is restricted; consult repository for details.
 - If the whole or a portion of the collection is restricted, access copies of the disk image should not be made available in the Reading Room
 - If a donor does not want their deleted files recovered, the AHC should not provide access copies of disk images. Instead:
 - Individual files may be burned to DVDs
 - Item-level/bit stream metadata extracted by BitCurator will be key in identifying the file paths to provide access to individual files
 - The donor may provide another physical format born-digital donation without the deleted files
 - When dealing with legacy born-digital material extant in the AHC collections, the processing archivist should attempt to contact the donor or any related individuals that may have been involved in the creation/management of the born-digital material, to see if they are available for consultation.
 - Access copies of audio-visual material will also adhere to the above guidelines
 - Born-digital material will be described in the collection's finding aid, and access will be available in the Reading Room via the Digital Collections workstation.
 - Any impediments to access (such as file format, software/hardware dependability etc.) of digital components will be noted in the finding aid according to the most recent version of Describing Archives: A Content Standard. More information about describing collections, location codes, etc. can be found in Creating a Finding Aid (file path S:\SHARED\Operational Records\Reference and Access\Archives and Manuscripts\Blank Forms and Guidelines)
 - Copyright: Information about restrictions on reproduction and/or publication due to copyright and/or Austin History Center policy, after access has been provided. For most finding aids the following statement is used:
 - The Austin History Center (AHC) is the owner of the born-digital material in the AHC collections and makes available reproductions for research, publication, and other uses. Written permission must be obtained from the AHC before any publication use. The AHC does not necessarily hold copyright to all of the materials in the collections. In some cases, permission for use may require seeking additional authorization from the copyright owners. Consult repository for more details.

APPENDIX A:

SIP for City of Austin Departments (COA):

**Submission Information Package Agreement for City of Austin Department
Electronic Records**

In order for the Austin History Center (AHC) to ingest, preserve, and distribute your submission, your reporting of the following information is necessary. Please sign and return this form to the AHC.

PLEASE FILL OUT THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS:

The following agreement is between _____ and the AHC for the electronic records described below and all individual collections and sub-collections resulting from this submission agreement.

I. Proposed data sets for archiving

Creator/Department:

Submitter:

Business Function/Files Description:

Retention: Archival Review Permanent **COA Record Series #**

Date(s) Created:

Date of Last Modification/Use:

File Types: Word Excel PowerPoint Access PDF SharePoint .txt .db
.csv .tiff .jpg .wav .mp3 .wma .aiff .mpa .avi .flv .mov .mp4
 .mpg .wmv Other _____

Special Software Needed to Open Files: Yes No

If this answer is yes please contact the Austin History Center before continuing

Operating System Used to Create Files:

Hardware Used to Create Files:

Storage medium, count, total size/quantity of the data set:

Storage medium	Count	Total size (please circle the estimated total quantity of files in this donation)
----------------	-------	---

(ex. DVD)	(ex. 3 DVDs)	_____ B, KB, MB, GB, TB, PB, EB, ZB, YB
-----------	--------------	---

Relationship with Other Records:

Are there corresponding paper materials that provide further context for these electronic records?

Personal Identifying Information (social security numbers, email addresses etc.) likely to be Found: Yes No Please specify what PII is likely to be found: _____

During Disk Imaging Some Deleted Files May be Recovered, Should the Files be Recovered and Considered Part of the Donation. Yes No

If you select "Yes" please understand that the AHC does not currently possess the technological capability to restrict access to these recovered files.

II. Schedule of availability of data set(s)

All electronic records in this submission will be transferred to the Austin History Center on _____(mm/dd/yyyy)

III. Proposed data transfer mechanism

Electronic records will be transferred to the AHC via _____ (ex. hard drive, CD, DVD). Please note that at this time the AHC cannot accommodate FTP transfers of born-

digital material. All electronic records in this collection will be deposited onto the AHC N-drive pending further processing under accession number _____.

SIGNATURE of CITY of AUSTIN DEPARTMENT REPRESENTATIVE:

PRINTED NAME: _____

DATE: _____

SIGNATURE of AUSTIN HISTORY CENTER REPRESENTATIVE:

PRINTED NAME: _____

DATE: _____

Accession Information for City of Austin Department Electronic Records

For Austin History Center Use Only

Accession Number:

Creator:

Donor #:

Title:

Extent:

Number of Files:

Further Description of Materials:

Anticipated Processing Level: Level 1 (preliminary inventory) Level 2(standard) Level 3 (exceptional)

AHC Facilitated Transfer: Yes No

How Transferred:

Date Transferred:

Location of Electronic Files:

Files Delivered on Original Media: Yes No **Media Type:**

Location (box) of Media:

If Yes, Transferred to N: Drive: Yes No

If Not Transferred, Why:

Date of Virus Check: First: _____ Second: _____ Third: _____

Validation Completed: Yes No

Indicate the following checksum information for the disk image:

MD5:

SHA1:

SHA256:

Files Normalized: Yes No

Original File Format(s): Word Excel PowerPoint Access PDF SharePoint
.txt .db .csv .tif .jpg .wav .mp3 .wma .aiff .mpa .avi .flv
.mov .mp4 .mpg .wmv Other _____

File Renaming Required: Yes No **Renaming Completed:** Yes No

Deleted Files Recovered During Disk Imaging Restricted: Yes No

Personal Identifying Information Contained within Files: Yes No

Types:

Action Taken:

Staff Initials:

Date:

Further Actions Taken/Comments:

SIP for General Public Donations:

Submission Information Package Agreement for Electronic Records

In order for the Austin History Center (AHC) to ingest, preserve, and distribute your submission, your reporting of the following information is necessary. Please sign and return this form to the AHC.

PLEASE FILL OUT THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS:

The following agreement is between _____ and the AHC for the electronic records described below and all individual collections and sub-collections resulting from this submission agreement.

I. Proposed Donation

Creator of Materials:

Date(s) Created:

Date of Last Modification/Use:

File Types: Word Excel PowerPoint Access PDF SharePoint .txt .db
.csv .tiff .jpg .wav .mp3 .wma .aiff .mpa .avi .flv .mov .mp4
 .mpg .wmv Other _____

Special Software Needed to Open Files: Yes No

If this answer is yes please contact the Austin History Center before continuing

Operating System Used to Create Files:

Hardware Used to Create Files:

Storage medium, count, total size/quantity of the data set:

Storage medium	Count	Total size (please circle the estimated total quantity of files in this donation)
----------------	-------	---

(ex. DVD) (ex. 3 DVDs) _____ B, KB, MB, GB, TB, PB, EB, ZB, YB

Relationship with Other Records:

Are there corresponding paper materials that provide further context for these electronic records?

Personal Identifying Information (social security numbers, email addresses etc.) likely to be Found: Yes No **Please specify what is likely to be found:** _____

During Disk Imaging Some Deleted Files May be Recovered, Should the Files be Recovered and Considered Part of the Donation. Yes No

If you select "Yes" please understand that the AHC does not currently possess the technological capability to restrict access to these recovered files.

Access Restrictions:

II. Proposed Transfer Mechanism and Schedule of availability

Electronic records will be transferred to the AHC via _____ (ex. hard drive, CD, DVD). All electronic records in this submission will be transferred to the AHC on _____ (mm/dd/yyyy)

III. Withdrawal Policy

If one or more of the donated items do not fall within the AHC's collection guidelines, the repository will: Dispose of or transfer the materials to the appropriate location or institution
Return the material to you

IV. Copyright Interests

Please read and initial one option:

___ I represent and warrant that I am the owner of the copyright in all or some of the materials I am donating. (Please indicate below the materials for which you control copyright and the nature of your copyright control, e.g. sole/joint owner, heir, literary executor, trustee, etc.)

___ I do not own copyright in any of the donated materials

___ To the best of my knowledge the copyright interests are controlled by:

Name: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____ Email: _____

V. Copyright Conveyance

If you have indicated that you own copyright in some or all of the donated materials, please initial one option:

___ I wish to transfer, convey and assign to the AHC and the City all copyright interests, including renewals and extensions to the copyrights, of the above-described donated materials.

___ I do not wish to transfer or convey any of the copyright I own to the AHC or the City, but I give permission for the AHC and the City to make copies of the materials for AHC users according to the Fair Use Doctrine and to use the materials in AHC-sponsored exhibitions, displays and publications. Users wishing to publish reproductions may do so with the restrictions explained in restriction code ___ (indicate code number).

___ I wish to retain copyright until (indicate date) _____ after which time all copyright interests, including renewals and extensions to the copyrights, of the above-described donated materials will be transferred, conveyed and assigned to the AHC and the City. Until that time users wishing to publish reproductions may do so with the restrictions explained in restriction code ___ (indicate code number).

I represent that I am the sole owner of the materials described above and that I have full right and authority to donate these materials to the Austin History Center ("AHC"). I hereby donate to the AHC all rights, title, and interest that I possess to the materials described above. I understand that AHC policies that the material may be made available for research on an unrestricted basis. I understand that the donations I am making are permanent donations. The City Of Austin does not advise donors on tax matters and suggests that donors direct any questions regarding donations as charitable contributions to the donor's tax advisor or an office of the Internal Revenue Service. The City Of Austin does not appraise donations but will make the materials available for appraisal upon the request of the donor.

DONOR'S SIGNATURE:

PRINTED NAME: _____

DATE: _____

AUSTIN HISTORY CENTER REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE:

PRINTED NAME: _____

DATE: _____

Accession Information for General Public Donations of Electronic Records

For Austin History Center Use Only

Accession Number:

Creator:

Donor #:

Title:

Extent:

Number of Files:

Further Description of Materials:

Anticipated Processing Level: Level 1 (preliminary inventory) Level 2(standard) Level 3 (exceptional)

AHC Facilitated Transfer: Yes No

How Transferred:

Date Transferred:

Location of Electronic Files:

Files Delivered on Original Media: Yes No **Media Type:**

Location (box) of Media:

If Yes, Transferred to N: Drive: Yes No

If Not Transferred, Why:

Date of Virus Check: First: _____ Second: _____ Third: _____

Validation Completed: Yes No

Indicate the following checksum information for the disk image:

MD5:

SHA1:

SHA256:

Files Normalized: Yes No

Original File Format(s): Word Excel PowerPoint Access PDF SharePoint
.txt .db .csv .tif .jpg .wav .mp3 .wma .aiff .mpa .avi .flv
.mov .mp4 .mpg .wmv Other _____

File Renaming Required: Yes No **Renaming Completed:** Yes No

Deleted Files Recovered During Disk Imaging Restricted: Yes No

Personal Identifying Information Contained within Files: Yes No

Types:

Action Taken:

Staff Initials:

Date:

Further Actions Taken/Comments:

***The BitCurator Workflow may be accessed here: _____ ** (give the file path on the Shared drive where the workflow will be stored)*

Deed of Gift for General Public Donations



CITY OF AUSTIN
Austin History Center ★ Austin Public Library
810 Guadalupe, P.O. Box 2287
Austin, TX 78768-2287
Phone 512-974-7480, Fax 512-974-7483
DEED OF GIFT

DO/	/
Rec'd	_____
Entered	_____

DONOR SECTION (Please print or type clearly) DATE _____

Has the donor donated materials before to Austin History Center?

Yes _____ No _____

Name _____

Company/Institution _____

Address _____

City/State/Zip _____

Telephone _____ Fax _____

E-Mail _____

Brief description of your donation

Types of materials _____

General subject/content _____

Approximate dates of materials _____

Your relationship to materials _____

Quantity _____

If one or more of the donated items do not fall within the Austin History Center collection guidelines, do you want us to:

_____ dispose of or transfer the materials to the appropriate location or institution? OR

_____ return the material to you

Would you like to receive written acknowledgement of your donation to the Austin History Center?

_____ yes _____ no

(Continue on other side)

REGISTRATION SECTION (Staff Use Only)

COPYRIGHT INTERESTS

Please read and initial one option:

____ I represent and warrant that I am the owner of the copyright in all or some of the materials I am donating. (Please indicate below the materials for which you control copyright and the nature of your copyright control, e.g. sole/joint owner, heir, literary executor, trustee, etc.)

____ I do not own or control the copyright in any of the donated materials.

____ To the best of my knowledge the copyright interests are controlled by:

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____ E-Mail: _____

COPYRIGHT CONVEYANCE

If you have indicated that you own the copyright in some of all of the donated materials, please read and initial one option:

____ I wish to transfer, convey and assign to the AHC and the City all copyright interests, including renewals and extensions to the copyrights, of the above-described donated materials.

____ I do not wish to transfer or convey any of the copyright I own to the AHC or the City, but I give permission for the AHC and the City to make copies of the materials for AHC users according to the Fair Use Doctrine and to use the materials in AHC-sponsored exhibitions, displays and publications. Users wishing to publish reproductions may do so with the restrictions explained in restriction code ____ (indicate code number).

____ I wish to retain copyright until (indicate date) _____ after which time all copyright interests, including renewals and extensions to the copyrights, of the above-described donated materials will be transferred, conveyed and assigned to the AHC and the City. Until that time users wishing to publish reproductions may do so with the restrictions explained in restriction code ____ (indicate code number).

I represent that I am the sole owner of the materials described above and that I have full right and authority to donate these materials to the Austin History Center ("AHC"). I hereby donate and convey to the AHC all rights, title, and interest that I possess to the materials described above. I understand that the location, retention and preservation of the materials, and other considerations relating to their use or disposition, will be made in accordance with AHC policies that the material may be made available for research on an unrestricted basis. I understand that the donations I am making are permanent donations. The City Of Austin does not advise donors on tax matters and suggests that donors direct any questions regarding donations as charitable contributions to the donor's tax advisor or an office of the Internal Revenue Service. The City Of Austin does not appraise donations but will make the materials available for appraisal upon the request of the donor.

FOR SUBMISSIONS OF DIGITAL FILES/ELECTRONIC MATERIALS ONLY:

File(s) description/Business function:

File Types: Word Excel PowerPoint Access PDF SharePoint .txt .db .csv .tiff .jpg
.wav .mp3 .wma .aiff .mpa .avi .flv .mov .mp4 .mpg .wmv Other _____

Special Software Needed to Open Files: Yes No
If this answer is yes please contact the Austin History Center before continuing

Relationship with Other Records:
Are there corresponding paper materials that provide further context for these electronic records?

Yes No

Personal Identifying Information (social security numbers, email addresses etc.) likely to be found: Yes No
Please specify what PII is likely to be found: _____

During Disk Imaging Some Deleted Files May be Recovered, Should the Files be Recovered and Considered Part of the Donation. Yes No
If you select "Yes" please understand that the AHC does not currently possess the technological capability to restrict access to these recovered files.

Storage medium, count, total size/quantity of the data set:
Storage medium (please circle): DVD, CD, flash drive, hard drive, SFTP)
Count: Transfer media _____ Number of files: _____

Total size (please circle the estimated total quantity of files in this donation)
(ex. 3 DVDs) _____ B, KB, MB, GB, TB,

Donations are vitally important to the Austin History Center in its work to preserve the history of the community.
Thank You

Donor's Signature

Donor's Title:
(if donor is a company or institution)

Date

STAFF SECTION Receiving staff _____ Date Received _____

Comments:

APPENDIX B:

Below is the Dublin Core Metadata Table to be used by AHC staff when completing the SIP

Dublin Core Metadata⁶

Required (if known and/or available):

⁶ *Qualified Dublin Core available at: <http://dublincore.org/documents/2000/07/11/dcmes-qualifiers/>

Element	Qualifier	Content
Accession Number	Identifier	Unique identifier determined by Registrar (Example: AR.2014.001)
Contributor	Creator	Person responsible for generating original resource
Contributor	Custodian	Person responsible for creating archival copy of resource
Date	Accessioned	Date of resource's ingest to N-drive
Date	Created	Date of creation of the resource
Date	Modified	Date on which the resource was changed
Date	Harvested	Date of custodian's copying of resource
Description	Abstract	A summary of the content of the resource
Description	Provenance	Historical trajectory of resource, encompassing both custodial chain, and any modifications
Format	Extent	The size or duration of the resource
Format	Medium	The material or physical carrier of the resource (using PBCore instantiationPhysical schema ⁷)
Format	Mime Types	Registered MIME type identifiers ⁸
Locations	Source.location	Complete list of locations for all materials. Standardized using the location designation found in Creating an EAD Finding Aid. (ex. N-drive, Archives Video Collection)

⁷ PBCore instantiationPhysical schema controlled vocabulary at: http://metadataregistry.org/concept/list/page/1/vocabulary_id/145.html

⁸ File format registry available at: <https://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/media-types.xhtml>

		Room, Oral History Collection etc.)
Processing Note	Description. processingnote	Additional information about processing status
Related Materials	Relation	Accession number of related archives & manuscript collections either by donor or subject. Purpose is twofold – to remind the registrar to search for existing collections and to assist the researcher
Resource identifier	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)	Uniform Resource Locator (URL)
Resource type	DCMIType ⁹	A list of types used to categorize the nature or genre of the resource (example: collection, dataset, image, text etc.)
Restrictions	Rights	Restrictions imposed by donor on materials in the collection. None indicated AHC owns rights. 01-06: refers to Media Collection Restriction Codes
Subject	Subject	Subjects with major representations in the collection. (ex. Library of Congress Subject Headings, Austin Files)
Title	Title	A name given to a work

⁹ DCMI Type Vocabulary available at: <http://dublincore.org/documents/2000/07/11/dcmi-type-vocabulary/>

APPENDIX C:

PBCore is a metadata schema designed for sound and moving images.

Below is a PBCore¹⁰ list of the most common formats for digital media at AHC. This list is used to create a controlled vocabulary for the Format -> Medium of Dublin Core metadata.

PBCore Schema:

Preferred Label	Examples of media
CD	CD, CD-ROM, CD-RW, CD-R
DVD	DVD, DVD+R, DVD+R DL, DVD+RW, DVD-R, DVD-RW
Flash Memory: USB	USB flash drive
Floppy Disk	3.5", 5.25" 8" (place the size after label preceded by a colon)
Hard Drive	eSATA, Firewire, SCSI, USB (also internal or external)
SD card	SD/SDHC/SDXC (<i>micro SD cards should be noted SD cards</i>)

¹⁰ PBCore instantiationPhysical schema controlled vocabulary at:
http://metadataregistry.org/concept/list/page/1/vocabulary_id/145.html

APPENDIX D:

How to Deal With Photographs & Architectural Drawings

- Established procedures are already in place for the processing of photographic and architectural drawings-only born-digital material. The BitCurator Workflow will be added to the beginning of these established processing procedures.
- After initial ingest and stabilization by the Digital Archivist, the collection will be routed to:
 - Processing Archivist (for architectural donations)
 - Photography and Media Archivist (for photographic donations)who will perform additional processing using established procedures.

How Do I Deal With: Viruses

This section will need to be flushed out once we have a collection with a planted virus to test.

- The AHC will not register, accession, or ingest any born-digital material that contains a virus
- BitCurator currently utilizes ClamAV/ClamTK, an opensource antivirus engine, which is extant in the Linux environment. ClamTK is the GUI front end of ClamAV and scans disk images and files for viruses and malware. These files are quarantined.
 - Action to be taken once files are quarantined: TBD

APPENDIX E:

File Naming Conventions

The diverse nature of digital content means that there are times when it is desirable to make changes to it before it is ingested into the preservation system. These changes are classed under the term “preconditioning.” This pre-conditioning of born-digital files can include an alteration to (or the addition of) file extensions to better facilitate file format identification and/or the removal of unsupported characters in the file name; this enables more stable storage of the files in the preservation system’s storage database. Regardless of the change being imposed, one must be able to demonstrate that the action will not affect the intellectual content of the file. What is more, two key operating rules must be followed: “All changes must be reversible,” and all changes must have “a system-based provenance note that clearly describes the change that has been made to the file.”

Under normal conditions, all operating systems support file names consisting of 255 characters. It is, however, advised to restrict file names to about 30 characters, including the period “.” and extension, as some operating systems are unable to handle very long paths, which can lead to copying errors. Many of the rules for file names also apply for directory names. Often, the file naming is integrated with the directory structure rules, the file name replicating to some degree the structure. In this case, it is important that the file name does not depend on its location in the structure for its uniqueness but that it can function independently as a file identifier. Other than this, the directory structure should comply with the following minimum requirements:

Restrict folder names to 30 characters

Restrict the amount of subfolders to five (not counting the root folder).

All folders mentioned will be sub-folders of the main collection folder. (Example of file/folder hierarchy available in [Appendix F.](#))

Collection Number

Assign a collection number to each discrete set of born-digital materials that comes into the AHC to be ingested, using the Call # and replacing periods with hyphens (-).

Examples:

AR-2014-025

AR-2013-015

Computer Media Number (CM number)

Assign a computer media number (CM number) to each piece of transfer media (CDs, DVDs, hard drives, flash media) that falls under one collection number, using the following convention: collection number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by a three-digit ascending sequential number starting at 001. The CM number will also be used as the folder name for components related to that piece of media.

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001

AR-2013-025-002

Note: Files transferred electronically will follow the same numbering schema but the three-digit number after the AR# will not be indicative of a media number, but of a file number.

Computer Media Photographs

Name each image taken of the transfer media using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by a two-digit ascending sequential number starting at 01.

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001-01

AR-2013-025-002-01

AR-2013-025-002-02

Save these images together in a folder named with the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "media-photographs."

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001-media-photographs

AR-2013-025-002-media-photographs

Naming Video Files

Video ID: The unique number associated with the video.

For videos, the ID is: Archives Number + unique 3-digit tape number

Example: AR-1994-094-001.avi Faces of Austin Collection

Collection: Legacy Collections and the General Video Collection

For digitized videos created before 2018, video files ID names were either entered with the Archives Number followed by a 3 or 6 digit tape number. You will need to consult the Digitized Video Database to find which tape numbering schema was used to choose the correct tape number ID for any additions to existing collections.

<file:///S:\coacd.org\apl\ahcshare\SHARED\Operational Records\Collection Development\Recordings\video collection\Digitization Data\Digitized Video Database 2016.accdb>

Files that become part of the General Video Collection will follow the following naming convention.

Archives Number + unique 6-digit tape number AR-YYYY-XXXXXX.

Example: AR-2009-073-000261.mov

AR.2009.073 is the accession number for all videos accessioned into this general collection. The 6 digit number after the AR# corresponds with the next available number in the General Collection Videos Database. This follows that numbering schema for the actual analog tapes.

file:///S:\SHARED\Operational Records\Collection Development\Recordings\video collection\AR.2009.073_GeneralCollectionVideos.accdb

Naming video clips: Use the accession record number followed by the disk/media 3 digit number and a 3 digit clip number, starting with "a" then "b" "c" etc. for each additional clip:

AR# + media number (if applicable) + file number + clip letter extension “a”, “b”, “c” . . .

AR-2013-025-001-001a For clip 1

AR-2013-025-001-001b For clip 2

AR-2013-025-001-001c For clip 3 . . . and so on

Note: For rare occasions where there are access copies made splicing together bookmarked video back into a complete episode the following naming convention will apply: AR# + media number + 3 digit episode number.

For example, the Austin Coffee House show access copies are named as follows:

AR# + media number (if applicable) + file number

AR-2013-001-001-001, AR-2013-001-001-002, AR-2013-001-001-003 and so on.

The 3 digit number after the AR# in this case refers to each episode. This is the case for the access copies ONLY.

[Naming General Collection \(Cataloged in Bibliocommons\) Video Files:](#)

For digital files that will be added to the General Collection Catalog, there are several processes that need to be completed. Assign catalog tape numbers with the Dewey Number (with hyphen in place of period). Do not include spaces. Put a hyphen between video/media media description and the call number as follows:

Example: A-VHS-976-4Te.mov Texas Time Travels tape number: AVHS 976.4 Te

Disk Image

Name the disk images taken through Guymager using the CM number followed by an underscore (_) followed by "image." (The underscore is a character requirement of the BitCurator environment).

Examples:

AR_2013_025_001_image

AR_2013_025_002_image

Save the disk images in a folder named using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "diskimage."

Example:

AR-2013-025-001-diskimage

Bulk Extractor Reports

Name the report through the Bulk Extractor GUI using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "BE-reports."

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001-BE-reports

AR-2013-025-002-BE-reports

Save the reports in a folder named using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "BE-reports." (*See above examples.*)

BitCurator Reports

Create a folder named using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "BCR-reports."

Example:

AR-2013-025-001-BCR-reports

DFXML (Digital Forensics XML)

Name the DFXML report through the BitCurator Reports GUI using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "DFXML."

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001-DFXML

AR-2013-025-002-DFXML

Save the reports in the BCR-reports folder for the collection.

Annotated Features

Name the directory Annotated Features reports through the BitCurator Reports GUI using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "AF-report."

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001-AF-report
AR-2013-025-002-AF-report

Reports

Name the directory for Reports through the BitCurator Reports GUI using the CM number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "reports."

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001-reports
AR-2013-025-002-reports

Bag

Name the bag in the Bagger GUI using the LOC naming convention of description of bag-date-bag where description of bag is the CM number and date is expressed in the format yyyyymmdd.

Examples:

AR-2013-025-001-20170726-bag
AR-2013-025-002-20170726-bag

Server Folders

There are three main folders that need to be made on the server to house collection materials: Master, Access, and Bags.

Master

Name the Master folder using the Collection number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "master."

Example:

AR-2013-025-master

Access

Name the Access folder using the Collection number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "access."

Example:

AR-2013-025-access

Bags

Name the Bag folder using the Collection number followed by a hyphen (-) followed by "bags."

Example:

AR-2013-025-bags

AR-2013-025-001-20170726-bag

(Here you will see the bagged content.)

APPENDIX F:

Example of Folder/File Hierachy:

- 🖥️ N:
 - 📁 AR-2013-025
 - 📁 born-digital
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-master
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001 *(one folder per disk)*
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001-diskimage
 - 📄 AR_2013_025_001_image.E01
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001-BE-reports
 - 📄 *(there will be many txt reports that are placed in the folder by Bulk Extractor)*
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001-BCR-reports
 - 📄 AR-2013-025-001-DFXML
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001-AF-report *(will be created through BCR GUI)*
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001-reports *(will be created through BCR GUI)*
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001-media-photographs (media 1)
 - AR-2013-025-001-01-media-photograph
 - AR-2013-025-001-02-media-photograph
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-002-media-photographs (media 2)
 - AR-2013-025-002-01-media-photograph
 - AR-2013-025-002-02-media-photograph
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-access
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-001 *(one folder per disk)*
 - 📁 ---- *(dump of files retrieved using BitCurator Disk Image Access)*
 - 📁 AR-2013-025-bags
 - 📄 AR-2013-025-001-20170726-bag.zip *(this is a zipped version of the Master folder that should only be used for hash validation or to create a new master copy if something were to happen to the Master)(there will be a bag for each disk)*
 - 📁 digitized-ahc
 - 📁 digitized-tami
 - 📁 digitized (meaning digitized by donor/creator)

APPENDIX G:

Troubleshooting

1. If disk is taking a long time to image or is receiving many bad sectors while running Guymager.

Either abort the disk image in Guymager or let it continue as it is still possible to get a complete and usable disk image with large amounts of bad sectors recorded or with the disk image taking considerable amounts of time. For example, successful and complete disk images have been collected from disk images with upwards of 340,000 bad sectors recorded and taking longer than 24 hours to complete the imaging process.

If it is decided to abort the disk image, it is possible to get a disk image in the ISO format using the Linux disk duplication (dd) command using the steps below. ***This should only be used if confident in skills working at the command line as this can cause extreme harm to the system if run incorrectly.***

1. Open Terminal.
2. Navigate to the disk image folder. (ex. AR-2013-025-001-diskimage)
3. Use the following command to create an ISO disk image.

```
dd if=/dev/cdrom of=[filename].iso
```

Replace [filename] with the name of the disk image name (ex. AR-2013-025-001-image)